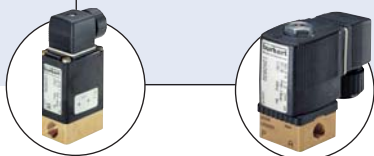


Mass Flow Meter (MFM) for Gases



Type 8703 can be combined with...



Type 0330

3/2 or 2/2-way
valve

Type 6013

2/2-way valve

Mass flow meter are used in process technology for the direct measurement of the mass flow of gases. In case of volumetric flow meters, it is necessary to measure the temperature and the pressure or the density, because gases change their density or rather their volume depending on the pressure. The measurement of the mass flow, on the other hand, is independent of the pressure and temperature.

The digital mass flow meter type 8703 uses a sensor on silicon chip

- Direct flow measurement by MEMS- Technology for nominal flow rates from 10 ml_N/min to 80 l_N/min (N₂)
- High accuracy
- Short response time
- Compact design and digital communication

basis located directly in contact with the gas. Due to the fact that the sensor is directly in the bypass channel a very fast response time of the MFM is reached. The actual flow is given over RS485-communication. Type 8703 can optionally be calibrated for two different gases, the user is able to switch between these two gases. This instrument communicates with master devices digitally, no further A/D conversions needed.

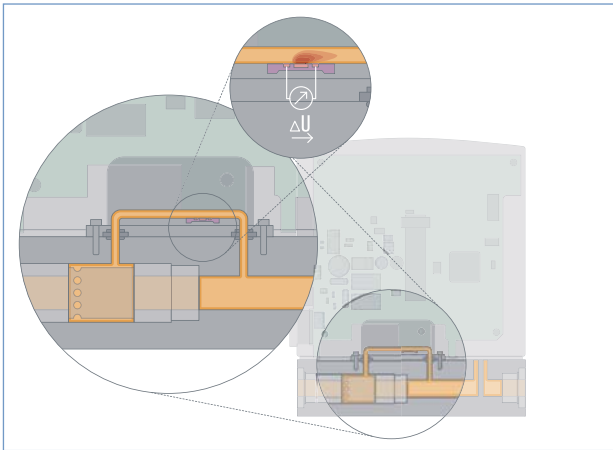
Technical Data			
Nominal flow range¹⁾ (Q _{nominal})	10 ml _N /min ²⁾ to 80 l _N /min (N ₂), see table on p. 2	Power supply	24V DC
Turn-down ratio	1:50, higher turn-down ratio on request	Voltage tolerance	±10%
Operating gas	Neutral, non-contaminated gases, on request	Residual ripple	< 2%
Calibration gas	Operating gas or air with conversion factor	Power consumption	Max. 11.5 W (depending on control valve used)
Max. operating pressure (Inlet pressure)	10 bar (145 psi) depending on the orifice of the valve	Communication	Digital via RS485 (half-duplex or full-duplex), RS422, RS232 via adapter
Gas temperature	-10 to +70°C (-10 to +60°C with oxygen)	Protection class	IP40
Ambient temperature	-10 to +50°C ³⁾	Dimensions [mm]	see drawings p. 5-6
Accuracy	±0.8% o.R. ±0.3% F.S. (after 1 min. warm up time)	Total weight	ca. 500 g (aluminium body)
Repeatability	±0.1% F.S.	Installation	horizontal or vertical
Response time (t_{95%})	< 300 ms	Light emitting diodes (default functions, other functions programmable)	Indication for power, limit and error
Materials		Binary inputs (default functions, other functions programmable)	Two 1. Start Autotune 2. not assigned
Body	Aluminium or stainless steel	Binary output (default functions, other functions programmable)	One relay output for: 1. Limit (setpoint not reached) Max. Load: 25V, 1A, 25VA
Housing	Metal		
Seals	FKM, EPDM		
Port connection	NPT 1/4, G 1/4, screw-in fitting or sub-base, others on request		
Electr. connection	Plug D-Sub 9-pin		

¹⁾ The nominal flow value is the max. flow value calibrated which can be controlled. The nominal flow range defines the range of nominal flow rates (full scale values) possible.

²⁾ Index N: Flow rates referred to 1.013 bar and 0° C.
Alternatively Index S which refers to 1.013 bar and 20° C.

³⁾ Higher temperature on request.

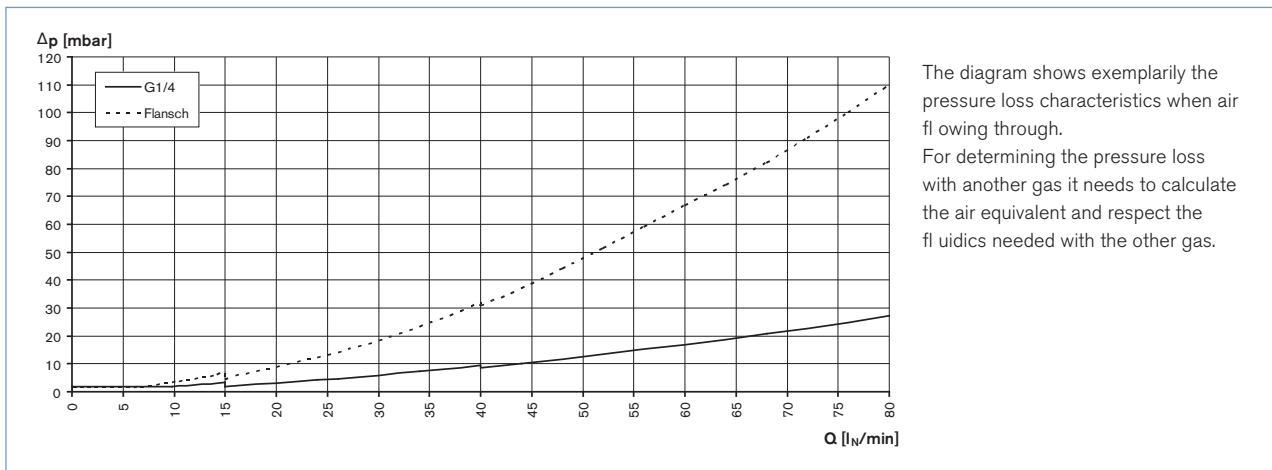
Measurement principle



The actual flow rate is detected by a sensor. This operates according to a thermal principle which has the advantage of delivering the mass flow without any corrections for the required pressure or temperature.

A small part of the total gas stream is diverted into a small, specifically designed bypass channel, that ensures laminar flow conditions. The sensor element is a chip immersed into the wall of this channel. The chip, produced in MEMS technology, contains a heating resistor and two temperature sensors (thermopiles) which are arranged symmetrically upstream and downstream of the heater. The differential voltage of the thermopiles is a measure of the mass flow rate passing this bypass channel. The calibration procedure effectuates a unique assignment of the sensor signal to the total flow rate passing the device.

Pressure Loss Diagram (ref. to air, with 250µm inlet filter)



The diagram shows exemplarily the pressure loss characteristics when air flowing through.

For determining the pressure loss with another gas it needs to calculate the air equivalent and respect the fluidics needed with the other gas.

Notes regarding the selection of the unit

(Other gases on request)

Gas	Min. Q_{Nom} [l _N /min]	Max. Q_{Nom} [l _N /min]
Argon	0.01	80
Helium	0.01	500
Carbon dioxide	0.02	40
Air	0.01	80
Methane	0.01	80
Oxygen	0.01	80
Nitrogen	0.01	80
Hydrogen	0.01	500

Notes regarding the selection of the unit

The decisive factors for the perfect functioning of an MFM within the application are the fluid compatibility, the normal inlet pressure and the correct choice of the flow meter range. The pressure drop over the MFM depends on the flow rate and the operating pressure.

▶ The request for quotation form on page 6 contains the relevant fluid specification.

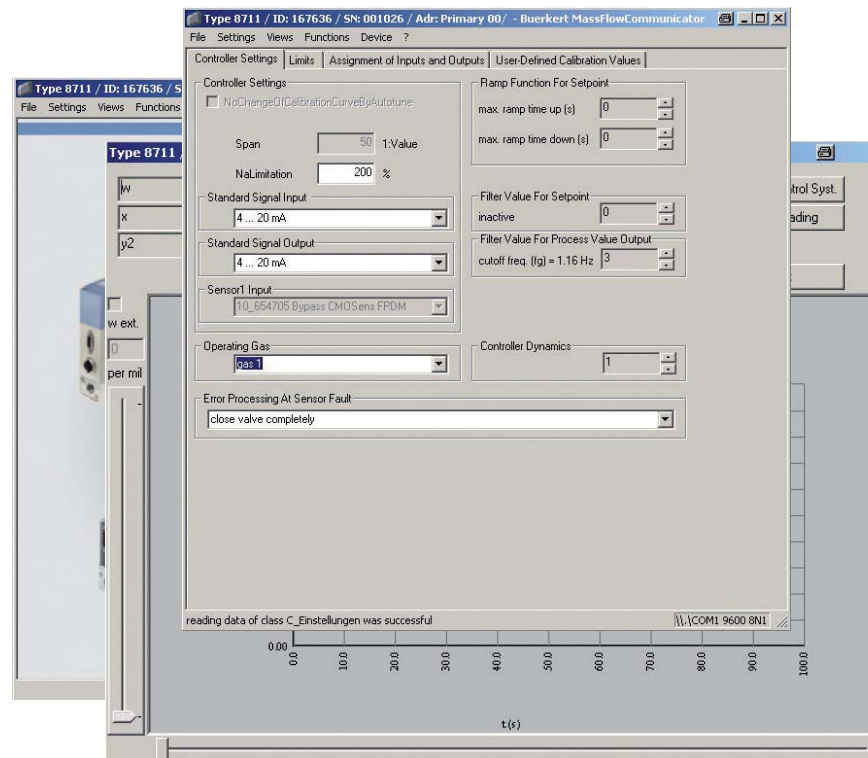
Ordering table for accessories

Article	Item no.
9-pin electrical connection	
D-Sub socket 9-pin solder connection with housing	917 623
Adapters ⁴⁾	
RS232 adapter for connection with an extension cable (item NO.917 039)	667 530
Computer extension cable for RS232 9-pin socket/plug 2m	917 039
USB adapter (version 1.1, USB-socket type B)	670 693
Communication software "MassFlowCommunicator"	

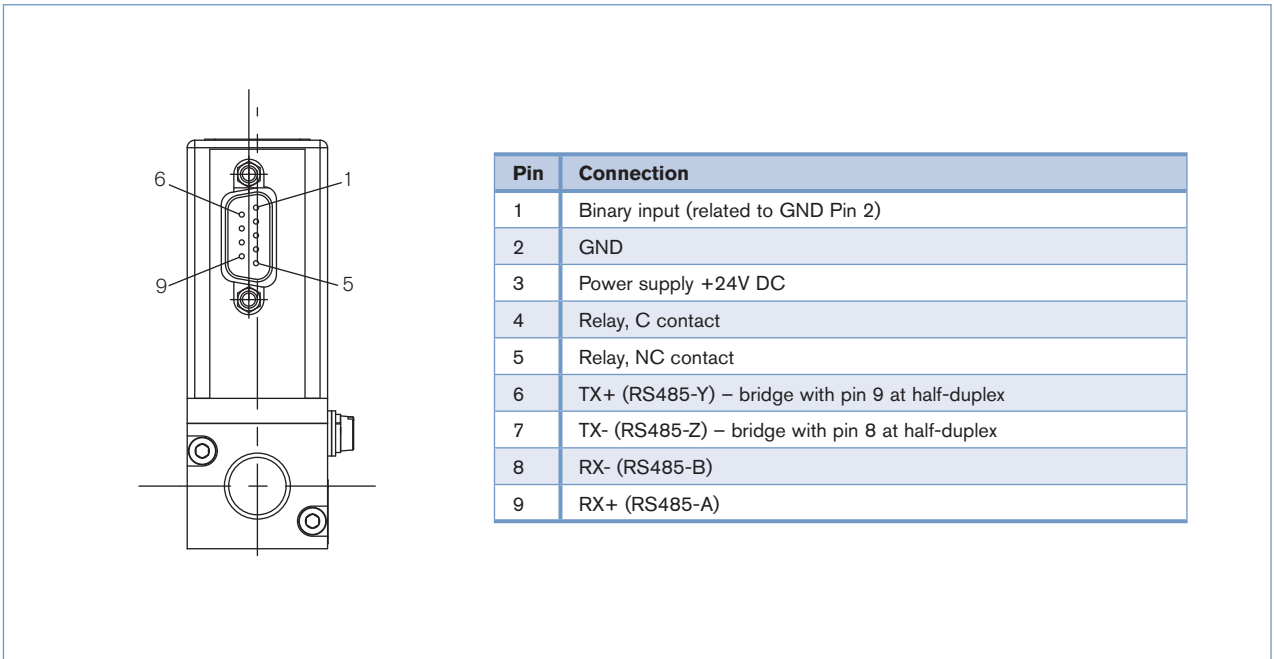
⁴⁾ Das Adapterzubehör dient der Inbetriebnahme und Diagnose und ist nicht zwingend für den Betrieb erforderlich

Software MassFlowCommunicator for Communication with Bürkert MFC/MFM

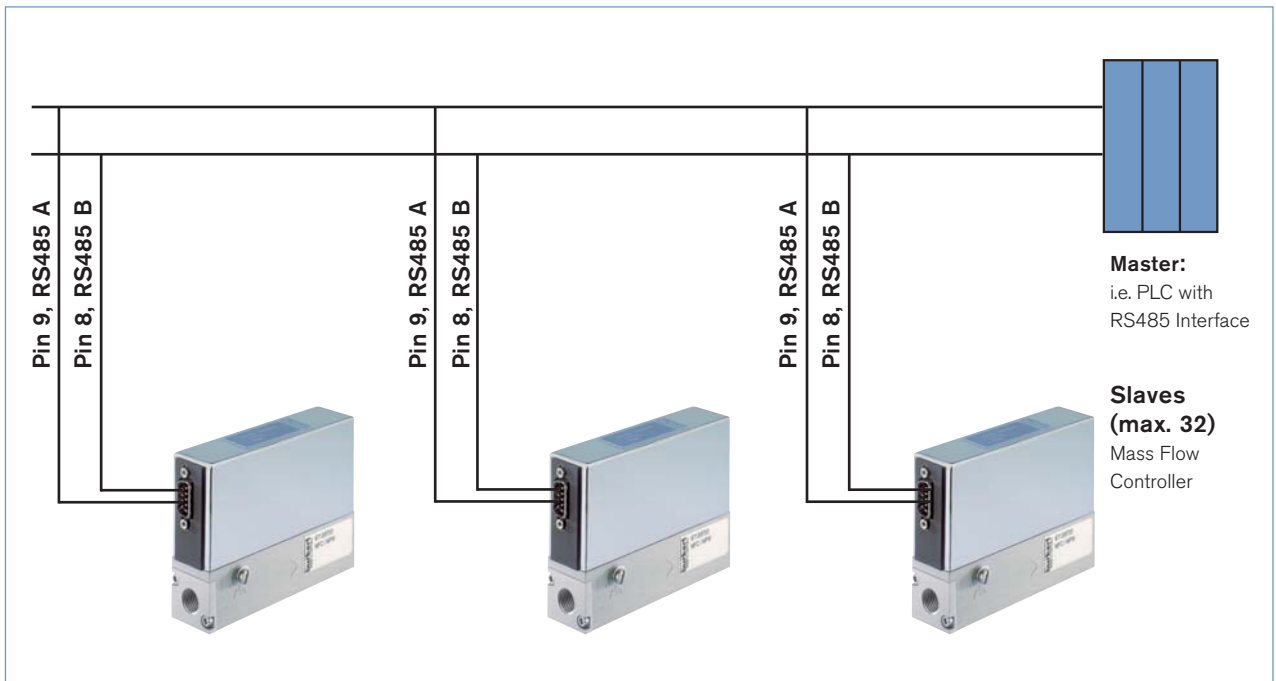
The communication software allows the user to program additionally various functions. For that purpose the MFC or MFM has to be connected to the computer by a RS232 adapter.



Pin Assignment

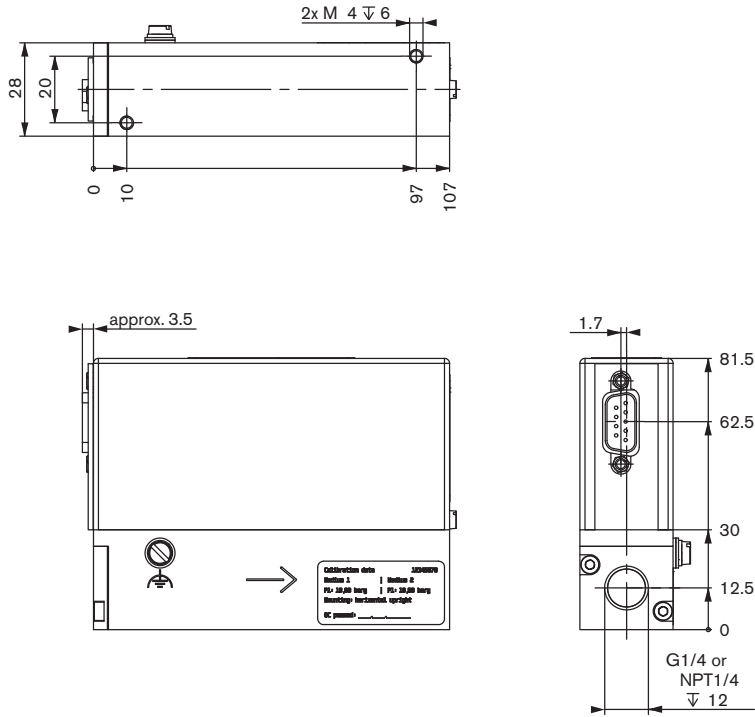


Networking

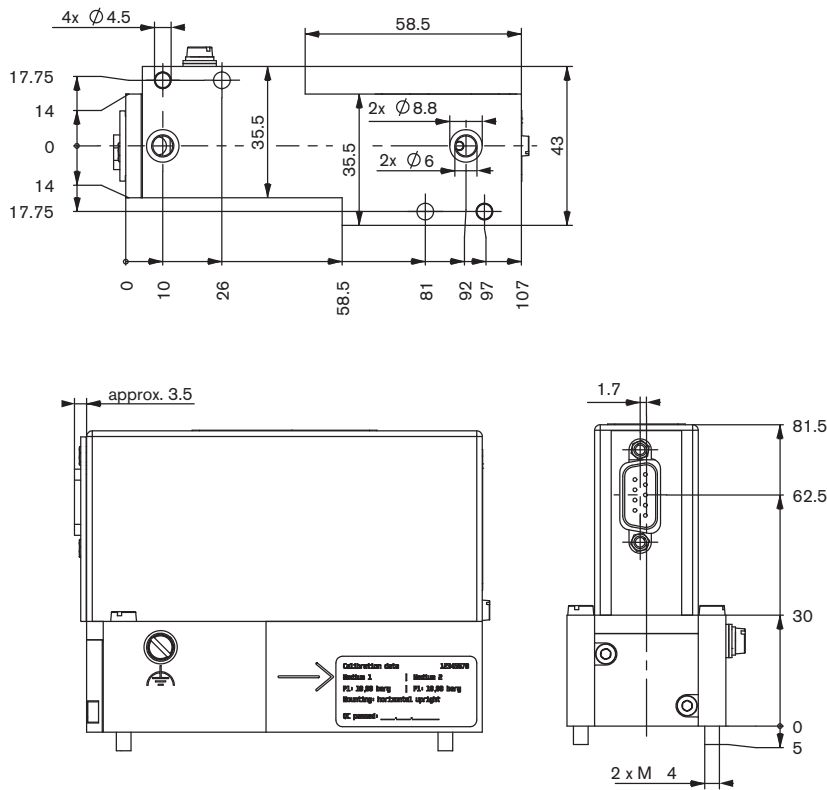


Dimensions [mm]

Threaded version



Sub-base version



Note

You can fill out the fields directly in the PDF file before printing out the form.

MFC/MFM-applications - Request for quotation

▶ Please complete and send to your nearest Bürkert sales centre

Company	Contact person
Customer No	Department
Address	Tel./Fax
Postcode/Town	E-mail

MFC-Application MFM-Application Quantity Required delivery date

Medium data

Type of gas (or gas proportion in mixtures)

Density kg/m³ ⁵⁾

Gas temperature [°C or °F] °C °F

Moisture content g/m³

Abrasive components/solid particles no yes, as follows:

Fluidic data

Flow range Q_{nom} Min. l_N/min ⁵⁾ l_S/min (slpm) ⁶⁾
 Max. m_N³/h ⁵⁾ kg/h
 cm_N³/min ⁵⁾ cm_S³/min (sccm) ⁶⁾
 l_N/h ⁵⁾ l_S/h ⁶⁾

Inlet pressure at Q_{nom} ⁷⁾ $p_1 =$ bar(g) ■

Outlet pressure at Q_{nom} $p_2 =$ bar(g) ■

Max. inlet pressure P_{1max} bar(g) ■

MFC/MFM port connection

without screw-in fitting

1/4" G-thread (DIN ISO 228/1)

1/4" NPT-thread (ANSI B1.2)

with screw-in fitting (acc. to specification for pipeline)

mm pipeline (external Ø)

inch pipeline (external Ø)

Flange version

Installation

horizontal

vertical, flow upwards vertical, flow downwards

Ambient temperature °C

Material data

Body Aluminium Stainless steel

Seal FKM EPDM

■ Please quote all pressure values as overpressures with respect to atmospheric pressure bar(ü)
 5) at: 1,013 bar(a) and 0°C 6) at: 1.013 bar (a) and 20°C 7) matches with calibration pressure

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In case of special application conditions,
please consult for advice.

Subject to alteration.
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Mass Flow Meter (MFM) for Gases



- Bypass MFC with capillary technology for nominal flow rates from 5 ml_N/min to 15 l_N/min
- Applicable for aggressive gases
- Compact design and digital communication

Type 8705 can be combined with...



Type 8619

Multichannel
program controller



Type 0330

3/2 or 2/2-
way solenoid valve



Type 6013

2/2-way
solenoid valve

Mass flow meters are used in process technology for the direct measurement of the mass flow of gases. In case of volumetric flow meters, it is necessary to measure the temperature and the pressure either the density, because gases change their density or rather their volume depending on the pressure. The measurement of the mass flow, on the other hand, is independent of the pressure and the temperature.

The digital mass flow meter Type 8705 uses a classic bypass sensor (see the description on page 2). The actual flow can be read out digitally over RS-communication. Type 8705 can optionally be calibrated for two different gases, the user can switch between these two gases.

The materials of the parts that come into contact with the medium are selected according to customer specification so that the unit can be operated with the complete range of standard process gases.

Technical data			
Full scale range¹⁾ (Q _{nom})	5 to 15000 ml _N /min ²⁾ N ₂ equivalent	Electr. connection	D-Sub plug 9-pin
Control range	1:50	Power supply	24V DC
Operating gases	Neutral, or aggressive gases	Voltage tolerance	±10 %
Calibration gas	Operating gas or air with conversion factor	Residual ripple	<2 %
Max. operating pressure (Inlet pressure)	10 bar (145 psi)	Power consumption	Max. 2.5 W
Medium temperature	-10 to +70°C (-10 to +60°C for oxygen)	Communication	Digital via RS485 (half duplex or full duplex), RS422, RS232 with adapter
Ambient temperature	-10 to +50°C ³⁾ , others on request	Protection class	IP40
Accuracy	±1.5% o.R. ±0.3% F.S. (after 30min. heating period)	Dimensions [mm]	See drawings on page 5
Repeatability	±0.1% F.S.	Total weight	ca. 850 g (stainless steel)
Response time (t_{95%})	<3 s	Mounting position	Horizontal or vertical
Materials	Body: Stainless steel Housing: PC (Polycarbonate) or metal Seals: FKM, EPDM or FFKM	Light emitting diode display (default, other allocations possible)	Indication for Power, Limit Error
Port connections	NPT 1/4, G 1/4, Screw-in fitting or sub-base, others on request	Binary input (default, other functions possible)	Two 1. Not assigned 2. Not assigned
		Binary output (default, other functions possible)	One relay-output for Limit (process value close to full scale value) Max. load: 25V, 1A, 25VA

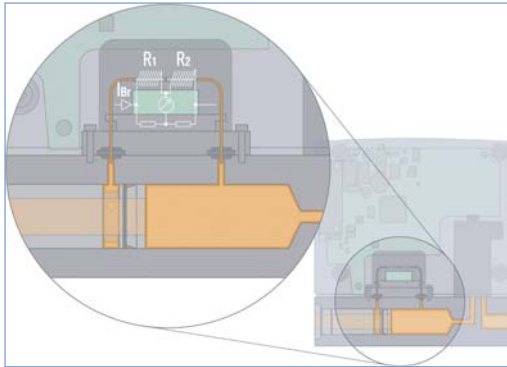
¹⁾ The nominal flow value is the max. flow value calibrated which can be controlled. The nominal flow range defines the range of nominal flow rates (full scale values) possible.

²⁾ Index N: Flow rates referred to 1.013 bar and 0° C.

Alternatively there is an Index S available which refers to 1.013 bar and 20° C

³⁾ Higher temperatures on request

Measuring principle



The measurement is based on the bypass principle. A laminar flow element in the main channel generates a small pressure drop. This drives a small flow, proportional to the main flow, through the bypass (sensor tube).

Two heating resistors, which are connected in a measuring bridge, are wound on this stainless steel tube. In the zero-flow state, the bridge is balanced, but with flow, heat is transported in the flow direction and the bridge becomes unbalanced.

The dynamics of the measurement is limited by the tube walls, which act as a thermal barrier. Through use of suitable software response times are obtained (in the range of a few seconds) that are adequate for a wide range of applications.

With contaminated gases we recommend to install filter elements upstream. This avoids changes in the division ratio between main flow and sensor tube, as well as

changes in the heat transmission caused by deposits on the walls of the sensor tube.

With these sensors even aggressive gases can be measured, because all essential parts in contact with the gas are fabricated in stainless steel. With this sensor principle it is also possible to convert between different gases.

$$Q(\text{Gas}) = f \times Q(N_2)$$

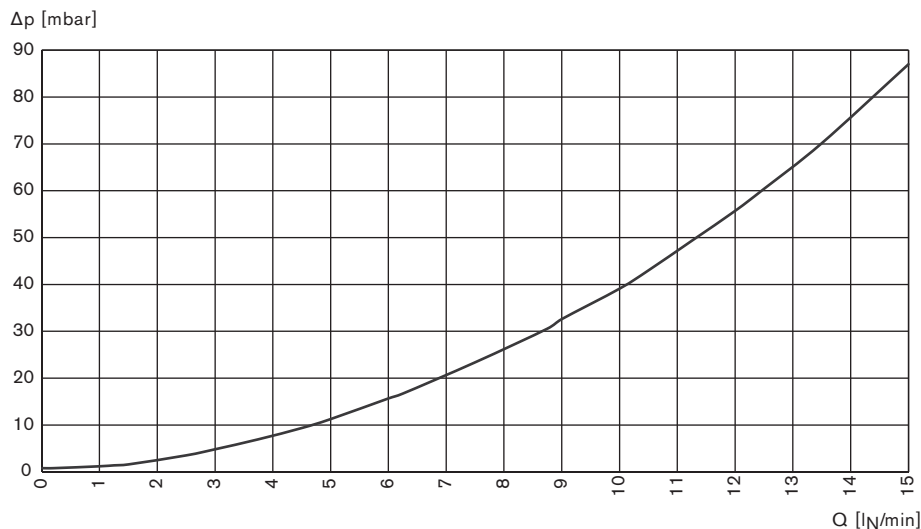
By using the gas factors it is possible that the accuracy is not within the datasheet specification.

gas	factor f
N ₂	1.00
Luft	1.00
O ₂	0.98
H ₂	1.01
Ar	1.4
He	1.42
CO ₂	0.77

For applications which need high accuracy it is recommended to calibrate under application conditions.

The compatibility of the sealing materials of the MFMs should be checked before use with another gas.

Pressure loss diagram (ref. to air)



The diagram shows exemplarily the pressure loss characteristics when air flows through a flowmeter with 1/4" pipe connection. For determining the pressure loss with another gas it needs to calculate the air equivalent.

Notes regarding the selection of the unit

The decisive factors for the perfect functioning of a MFM within the application are the fluid compatibility, the normal inlet pressure and the correct choice of the flow meter range. The pressure drop over the MFM depends on the flow rate and the operating pressure.

► **The request for quotation form on page 6 contains the relevant fluid specification. Please use in this way the experience of Bürkert engineers already in the design phase and provide us with a copy of the request containing the data of your application together with your inquiry or order.**

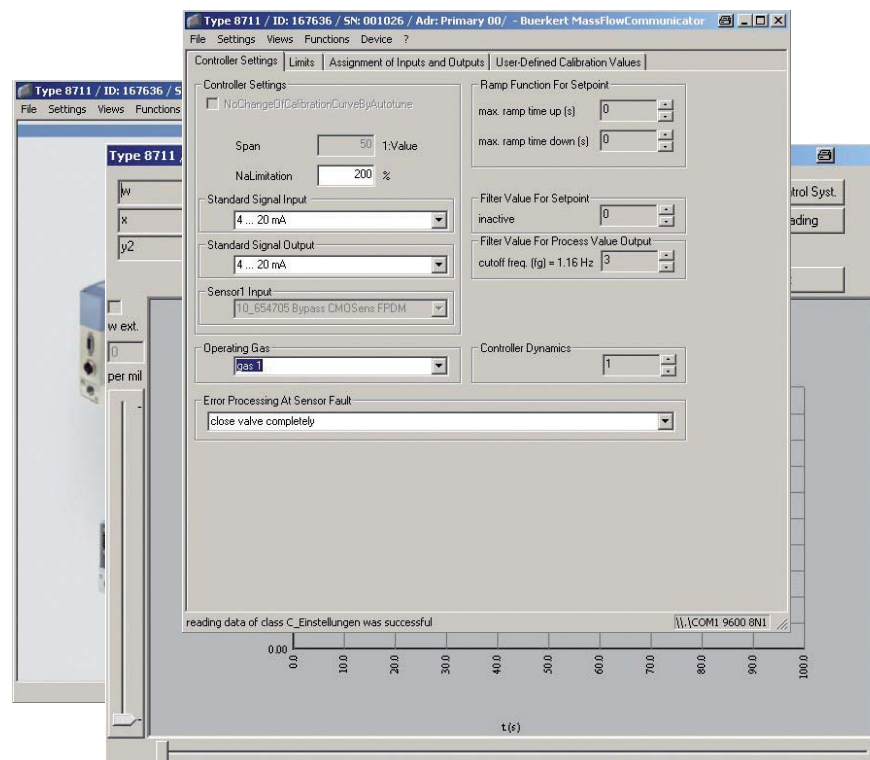
Ordering table for accessories

Article	Item no.
9-pin electrical connection	
D-Sub socket 9-pin solder connection with housing	917 623
Adapters ⁴⁾	
RS232 adapter for connection with an extension cable (item NO.917 039)	667 530
Computer extension cable for RS232 9-pin socket/plug 2m	917 039
USB adapter (version 1.1, USB-socket type B)	670 693
USB cable 2m, connector type A to connector type B	772 299
Communication software "MassFlowCommunicator"	

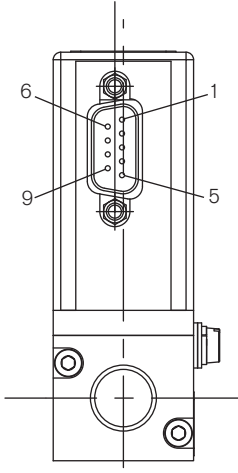
⁴⁾ The adapters serve mainly for initial operation or diagnosis. Those are not obligatory for continuous operation.

Software MassFlowCommunicator for Communication with Bürkert MFC/MFM

The communication software allows the user to program additionally various functions. For that purpose the MFC or MFM has to be connected to the computer by a RS232 adapter.

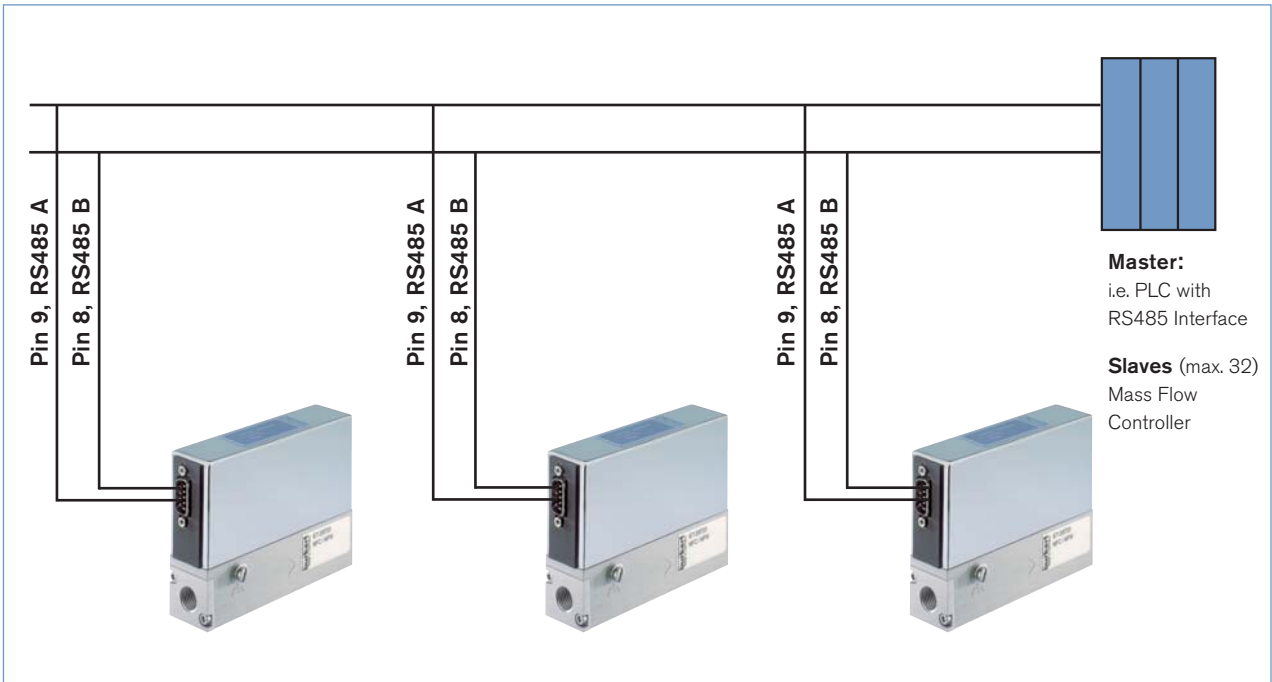


Pin Assignment



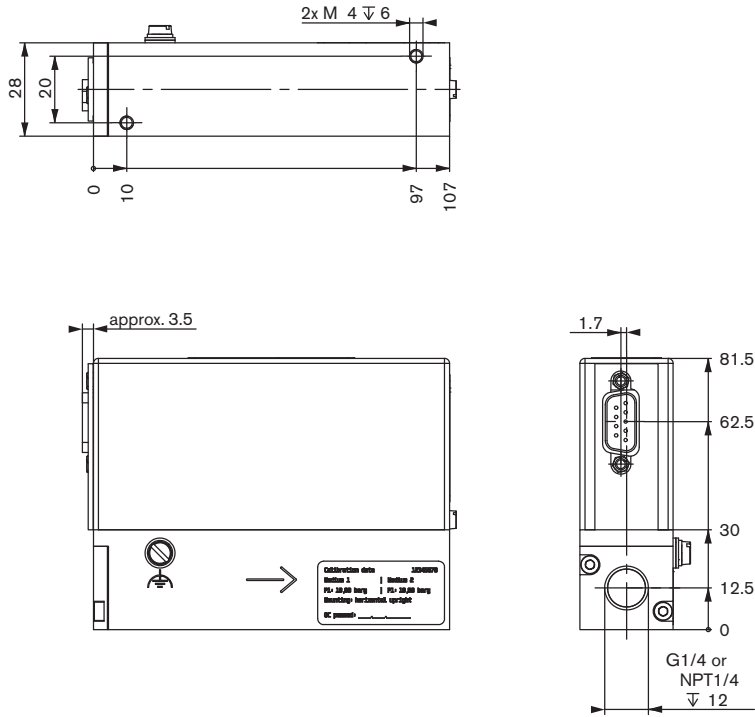
Pin	Connection
1	Binary input (related to GND Pin 2)
2	GND
3	Power supply +24V DC
4	Relay, C contact
5	Relay, NC contact
6	TX+ (RS485-Y) – bridge with pin 9 at half duplex
7	TX- (RS485-Z) – bridge with pin 8 at half duplex
8	RX- (RS485-B)
9	RX+ (RS485-A)

Networking

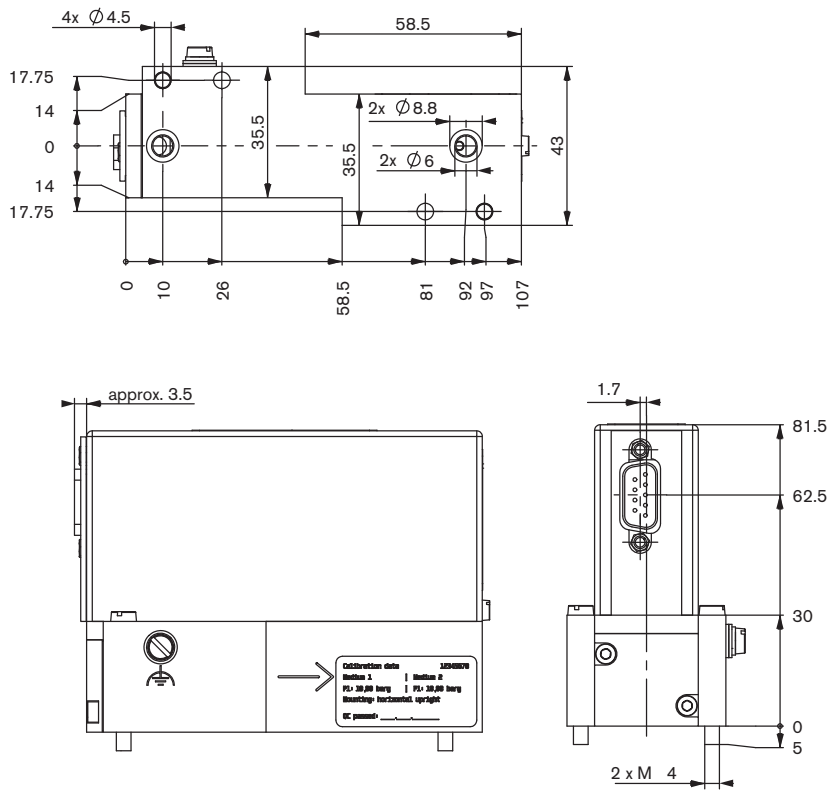


Dimensions [mm]

Threaded version



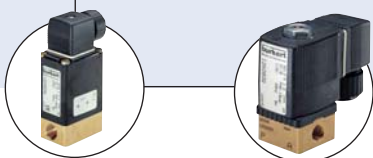
Sub-base version



Mass Flow Controller (MFC) for Gases



Type 8713 can be combined with...



Typ 0330

3/2 or 2/2-way
valve

Typ 6013

2/2-way valve

- Direct flow measurement by MEMS- Technology for nominal flow rates from 10 ml_N/min to 80 l_N/min (N₂)
- High accuracy and repeatability
- Short settling time
- Compact design and digitally communication

Type 8713 controls the mass flow of gases that is relevant for most applications in process technologies. The measured value will be compared in the digital control electronics with the predefined set point according to the signal; if a control difference is present, the control value output to the proportional valve will be modified using a PI-control algorithm. Due to the fact that the sensor is directly in contact with the gas a very fast response time of the MFC is reached. In this way, the mass flow can be maintained at a fixed value or a predefined profile can be followed, regardless of

pressure variations or other changes in the system. Type 8713 can optionally be calibrated for two different gases, the user is able to switch between these two gases. As control element a direct-acting proportional valve guarantees a high sensitivity and a good control characteristics of the MFC. This instrument communicates digitally with master devices, no further A/D conversions needed.

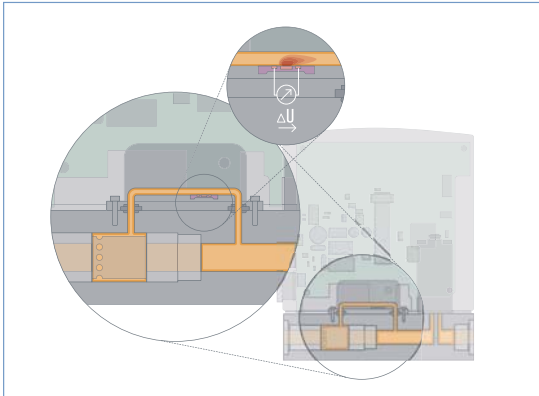
Technical Data			
Nominal flow range¹⁾ (Q _{nominal})	10 ml _N /min ²⁾ to 80 l _N /min (N ₂), see table on p. 2	Electr. connection	Plug D-Sub 9-pin
Turn-down ratio	1:50, higher turn-down ratio on request	Power supply	24V DC
Operating gas	Neutral, non-contaminated gases, on request	Voltage tolerance	±10%
Calibration gas	Operating gas or air with conversion factor	Residual ripple	< 2%
Max. operating pressure (Inlet pressure)	10 bar (145 psi) depending on the orifice of the valve	Power consumption	Max. 11.5 W (depending on control valve used)
Gas temperature	-10 to +70°C (-10 to +60°C with oxygen)	Communication	Digital via RS485 (half-duplex or full-duplex), RS422, RS232 via adapter
Ambient temperature	-10 to +50°C ³⁾	Protection class	IP40
Accuracy	±0.8% o.R. ±0.3% F.S. (after 1 min. warm up time)	Dimensions [mm]	see drawings p. 5-6
Repeatability	±0.1% F.S.	Total weight	ca. 500 g (aluminium body)
Settling time (t_{95%})	< 300 ms	Installation	horizontal or vertical
Materials	Body Housing Seals	Light emitting diodes (default functions, other functions programmable)	Indication for power, limit and error
Port connection	NPT 1/4, G 1/4, screw-in fitting or sub-base, others on request	Binary inputs (default functions, other functions programmable)	Two 1. Start Autotune 2. not assigned
Control valve Valve orifice k _{VS} value	Normally closed 0.05 to 4.0 mm 0.00006 to 0.32 m ³ /h	Binary output (default functions, other functions programmable)	One relay output for: 1. Limit (setpoint not reached) Max. Load: 25V, 1A, 25VA

¹⁾ The nominal flow value is the max. flow value calibrated which can be controlled. The nominal flow range defines the range of nominal flow rates (full scale values) possible.

²⁾ Index N: Flow rates referred to 1.013 bar and 0° C.
Alternatively Index S which refers to 1.013 bar and 20° C

³⁾ Higher temperature on request.

Measurement principle



The actual flow rate is detected by a sensor. This operates according to a thermal principle which has the advantage of delivering the mass flow without any corrections for the required pressure or temperature.

A small part of the total gas stream is diverted into a small, specifically designed bypass channel, that ensures laminar flow conditions. The sensor element is a chip immersed into the wall of this channel. The chip contains a heating resistor and two temperature sensors (thermopiles) which are arranged symmetrically upstream and downstream of the heater. The differential voltage of the thermopiles is a measure of the mass flow rate passing this bypass channel. The calibration procedure effectuates a unique assignment of the sensor signal to the total flow rate passing the device.

Nominal Flow Range of Typical Gases

(other gases on request)

Gas	Min. Q_{Nom} [l _N /min]	Max. Q_{Nom} [l _N /min]
Argon	0.01	80
Helium	0.01	500
Carbon dioxide	0.02	40
Air	0.01	80
Methane	0.01	80
Oxygen	0.01	80
Nitrogen	0.01	80
Hydrogen	0.01	500

Notes regarding the selection of the unit

For the proper choice of the actuator orifice within the MFC, not only the required maximum flow rate Q_{nom} , but also the pressure values *directly* before and after the MFC (p_1, p_2) at this flow rate Q_{nom} should be known. In general, these pressures are not the same as the overall inlet and outlet pressures of the whole plant, because usually there are additional flow resistors (tubing, additional shut-off valves, nozzles etc.) present both before and after the controller.

Please use the request for quotation form on p. 7 to indicate the pressures *directly* before and after the MFC. If these should be unknown or not accessible to a measurement, estimates are to be made by taking into account the approximate pressure drops over the flow resistors before and after the MFC, respectively, at a flow rate of Q_{nom} . In addition, please quote the maximum inlet pressure p_{1max} to be encountered. This data is needed to make sure the actuator is able to provide a close-tight function within all the specified modes of operation.

▶ **The request form on page 7 contains the relevant fluid specification. Using the experience of Bürkert engineers already in the design phase provide us with a copy of the request containing the necessary data together with your inquiry or order.**

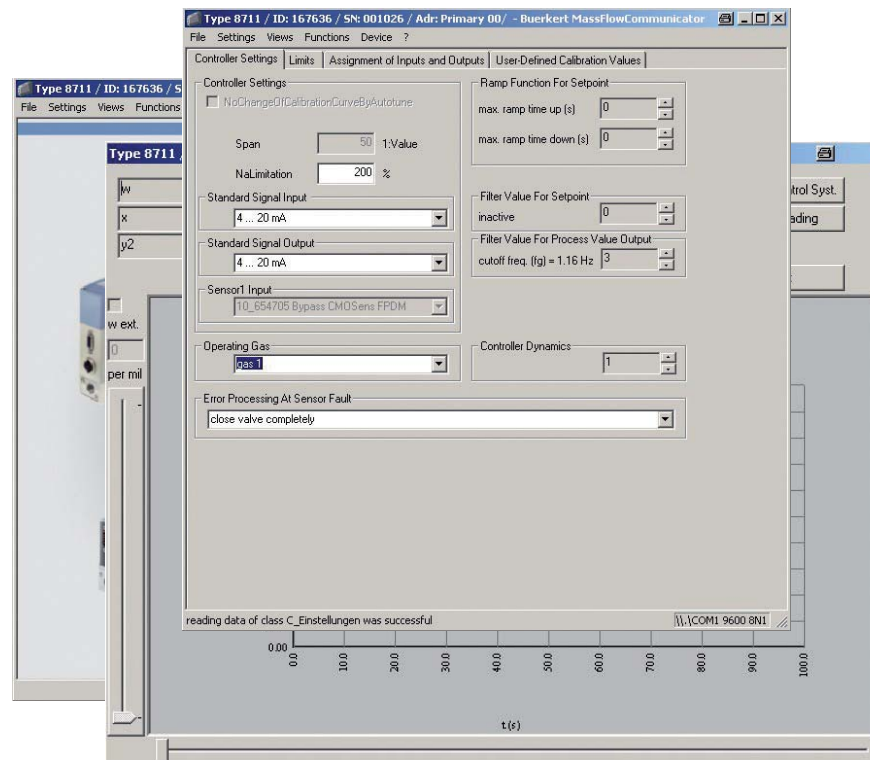
Ordering table for accessories

Article	Item no.
9-pin electrical connection	
D-Sub socket 9-pin solder connection with housing	917 623
Adapters ⁴⁾	
RS232 adapter for connection with an extension cable (item NO.917 039)	667 530
Computer extension cable for RS232 9-pin socket/plug 2m	917 039
USB adapter (version 1.1, USB-socket type B)	670 693
Communication software "MassFlowCommunicator"	

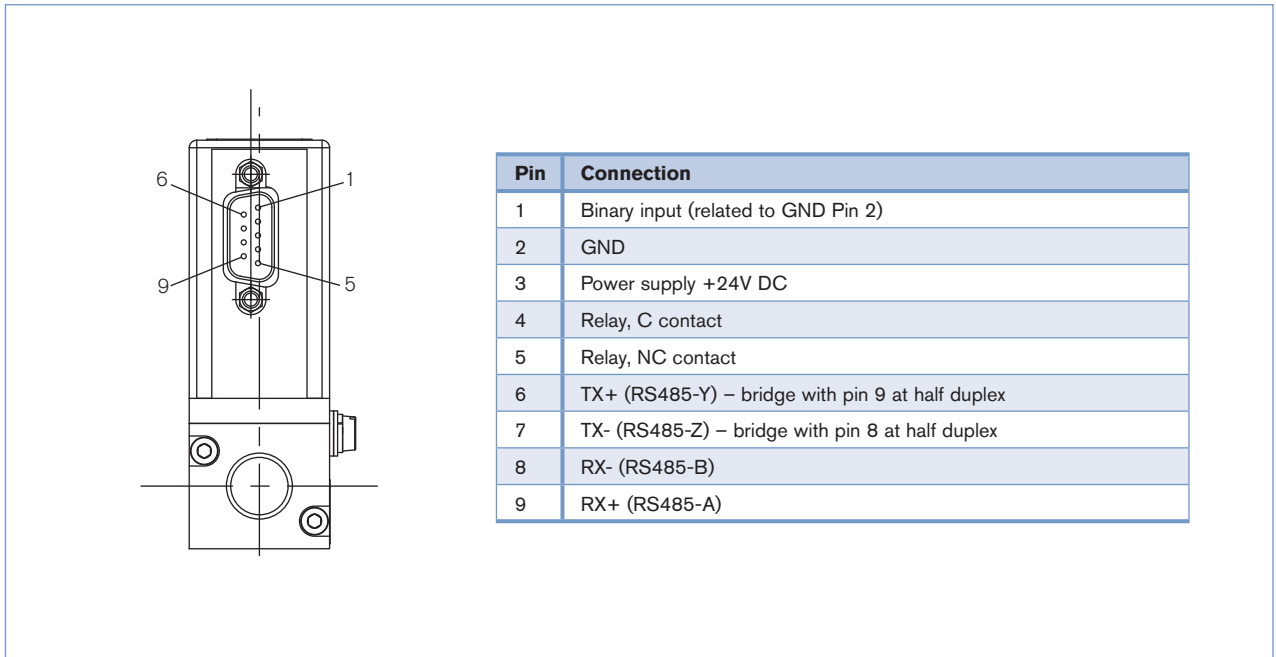
⁴⁾The adapters serve mainly for initial operation or diagnosis. Those are not obligatory for continuous operation.

Software MassFlowCommunicator for Communication with Bürkert MFC/MFM

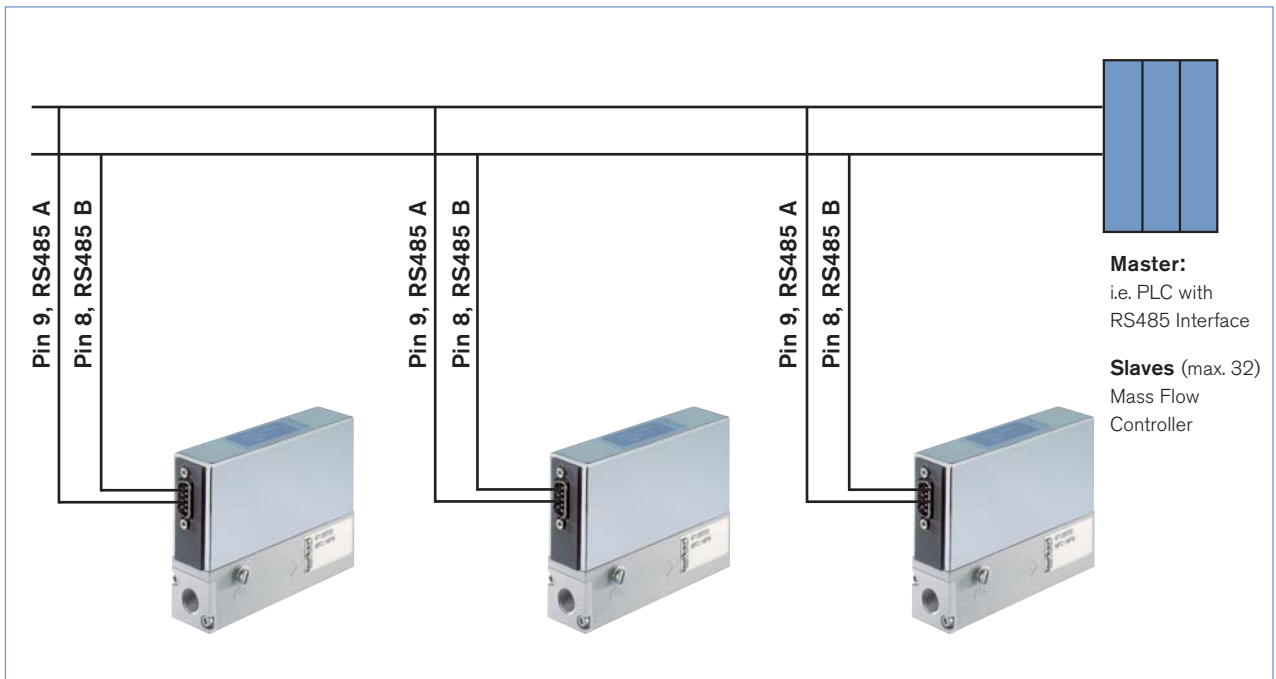
The communication software allows the user to program additionally various functions. For that purpose the MFC or MFM has to be connected to the computer by a RS232 adapter.



Pin Assignment

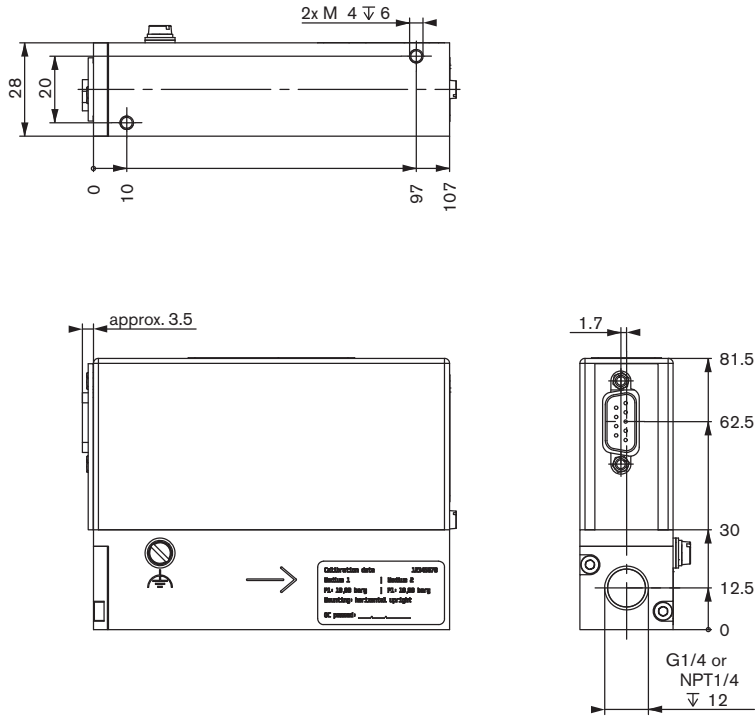


Networking

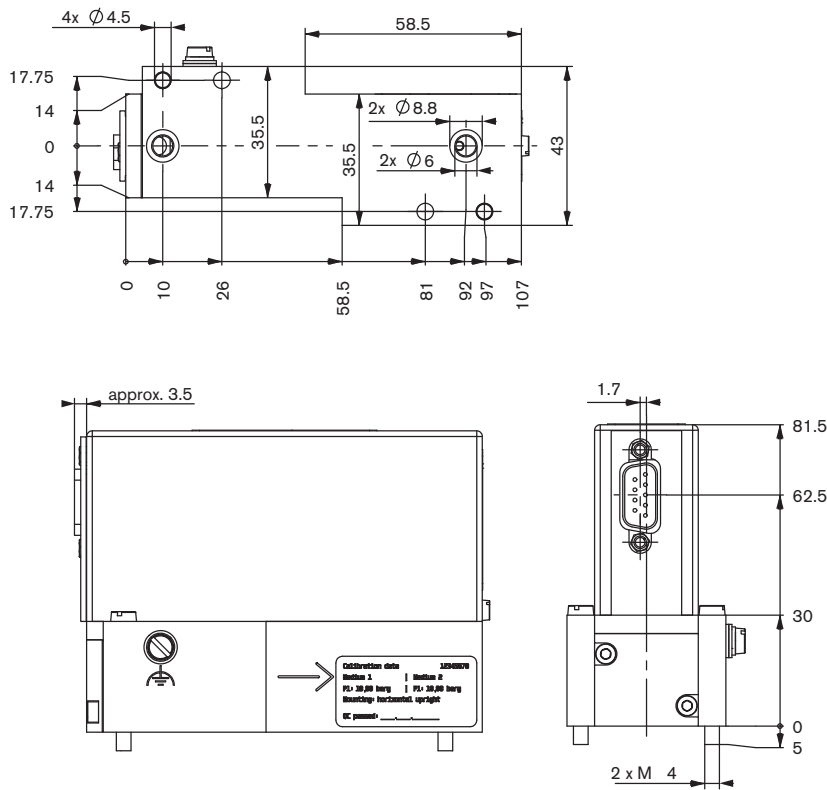


Dimensions [mm]

Threaded version

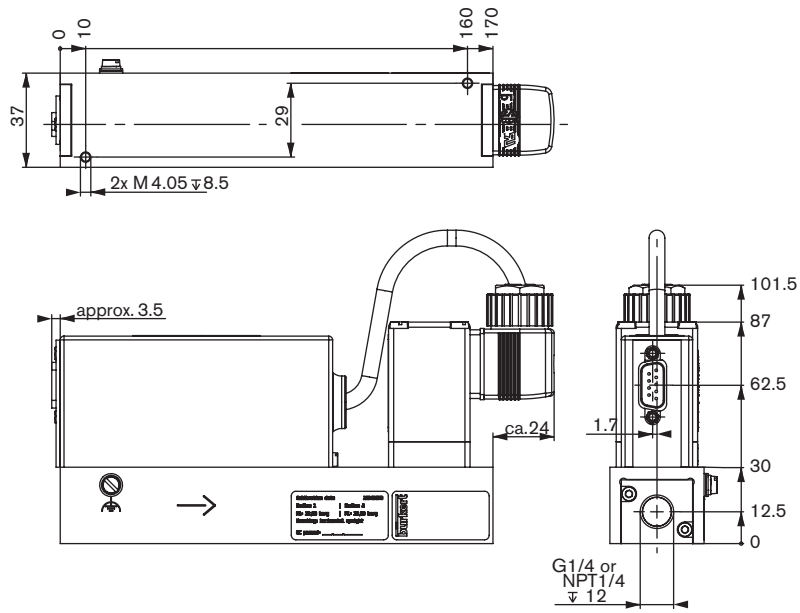


Sub-base version



Dimensions [mm], continued

Version with external valve



Note

You can fill out the fields directly in the PDF file before printing out the form.

MFC/MFM-applications - Request for quotation

▶ Please complete and send to your nearest Bürkert sales centre

Company	Contact person
Customer No	Department
Address	Tel./Fax
Postcode/Town	E-mail

MFC-Application MFM-Application Quantity Required delivery date

Medium data

Type of gas (or gas proportion in mixtures)

Density kg/m³ ⁵⁾

Gas temperature [°C or °F] °C °F

Moisture content g/m³

Abrasive components/solid particles no yes, as follows:

Fluidic data

Flow range Q_{nom} Min. l_N/min ⁵⁾ l_S/min (slpm) ⁶⁾
 Max. m_N³/h ⁵⁾ kg/h
 cm_N³/min ⁵⁾ cm_S³/min (sccm) ⁶⁾
 l_N/h ⁵⁾ l_S/h ⁶⁾

Inlet pressure at Q_{nom} ⁷⁾ $p_1 =$ bar(g) ■

Outlet pressure at Q_{nom} $p_2 =$ bar(g) ■

Max. inlet pressure P_{1max} bar(g) ■

MFC/MFM port connection without screw-in fitting
 1/4" G-thread (DIN ISO 228/1)
 1/4" NPT-thread (ANSI B1.2)
 with screw-in fitting (acc. to specification for pipeline)
 mm pipeline (external Ø)
 inch pipeline (external Ø)
 Flange version

Installation horizontal
 vertical, flow upwards vertical, flow downwards

Ambient temperature °C

Material data

Body Aluminium Stainless steel


Seal FKM EPDM

■ Please quote all pressure values as overpressures with respect to atmospheric pressure bar(ü)

5) at: 1,013 bar(a) and 0°C

6) at: 1.013 bar (a) and 20°C

7) matches with calibration pressure

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please consult for advice.

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1212/2_EU-en_00891970

Mass Flow Controller (MFC) for Gases



- Inline MFC for full scale rates from 20 l_N/min to 1500 l_N/min; 1/4" to 1"
- High accuracy
- Short settling time
- Optional fieldbus

Type 8626 can be combined with...



Type 8619

Multichannel program controller



Type 0330

3/2-way valve



Type 6013

2/2-way valve

The Type 8626 mass flow controller forms an integrated system, consisting of the flow sensor, control electronics and control valve. Using this controller, mass flows of gases can be kept constant or can follow a predefined set-point profile regardless of interfering influences (such as pressure or temperature variations). The sensor works according to the thermal principle (constant-temperature anemometer). The measurement is made in the main channel and provides the mass flow directly without any corrections (see description on page 2). The digital flow controller compares the set point with the actual value and calculates the control signal for the proportional valve. The direct-acting solenoid control valve works according to the well-tried plunger-type principle, and is driven by a PWM voltage signal. Besides its control function an

intelligent algorithm ensures that the valve closes tight with 0% set point. The measurement in the main flow of the MFC Type 8626 is characterized by an excellent dynamics and a low sensitivity to contamination. The MFC can be used in versatile flow control tasks.

- Process technology
- Heat treatment
- Environmental technology
- Material coating
- Burner controls
- Fuel cell technology

Technical Data			
Nominal flow range ¹⁾ (Q _{nom})	20 to 1500 l _N /min ²⁾ , N ₂ equivalent see table on page 2, higher flows on request	Port connection	G 1/4", 3/8", 1/2", 3/4", 1" NPT 1/4", 3/8", 1/2", 3/4", 1"
Turn-down ratio	1:50 ³⁾	Control valve	Normally closed
Operating gas	Neutral, non-contaminated gases, others available on request	Valve orifice	0.8 to 12 mm
Calibration gas	Operating gas or air with correcting function	k _v value	0.02 to 2.8 m ³ /h
Max. operating pressure (inlet pressure)	Up to max. 10 bar, depending on the orifice of the valve	Electr. connection	Socket M16, round, 8-pin and socket D-Sub HD15, 15-pin
Gas temperature	-10 to +70°C (-10 to +60°C with oxygen)	Additionally with:	
Ambient temperature	-10 to +45°C (higher temperatures on request)	- PROFIBUS-DP:	Socket M12 5-pin or D-Sub 9-pin
Accuracy (after 15 min warm up time)	±1.5% o.R. ±0.3% F.S. (o.R.: of reading; F.S.: of full scale)	- DeviceNet/CANopen: with RS485 version only:	Plug M12 5-pin or D-Sub 9-pin Plug D-Sub 9-pin
Repeatability	±0.1% F.S.	Operating voltage	24V DC
Settling time (t _{95%})	<500 ms	Voltage tolerance	±10%
Materials		Residual ripple	< 2%
Body	Aluminium (black anodized) or stainless steel	Power consumption	12,5 W–37 W (depending on version)
Housing	Aluminium (coated)	Type of protection (with connected cables)	IP65
Seals	FKM, EPDM	Dimensions	See drawings on p. 6–9
		Total weight (examples)	2,5 kg (Al, 16 W-valve) 4,5 kg (VA, 16 W-valve)
		Mounting position	Horizontal or vertical
		Light emitting diodes (Default, other functions programmable)	Indication for
			1. Power, 3. Limit 2. Communication 4. Error

¹⁾ The nominal flow value is the max. flow value calibrated which can be controlled. The nominal flow range defines the range of nominal flow rates (full scale values) possible.

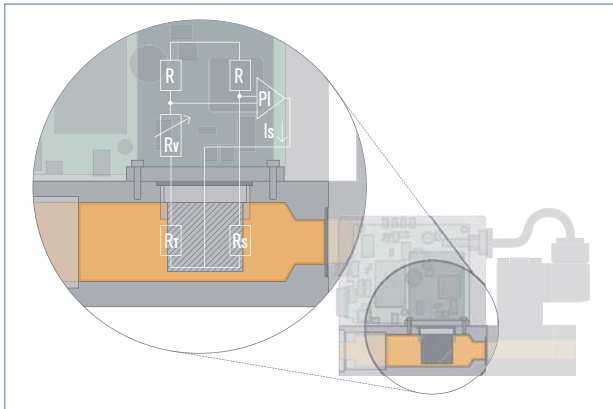
²⁾ Index N: Flow rates referred to 1.013 bar and 0° C.

Alternatively there is an Index S available which refers to 1.013 bar and 20° C

³⁾ With vertical installation and flow downwards the turn-down ratio is 1:10

Technical Data (cont.)			
Device variant	Analog signal version	Fieldbus version	RS485 version (only D-Sub, 9-pin)
Analog communication Input signal (set point) Input impedance Output signal (actual flow) Max. current voltage output Max. load current output	0-5 V, 0-10 V, 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA >20 k Ω (voltage) <300 Ω (current) 0-5 V, 0-10 V, 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA 10 mA 600 Ω	None	None
Fieldbus option (D-Sub HD15 covered with sealed plate for, pins for analogue inputs/outputs not connected)	None	PROFIBUS-DP, DeviceNet, CANopen	Modbus RTU (via RS interface)
Digital communication via adapter possible:	RS232 (supports Modbus RTU) RS485, RS422 or USB		RS485, RS422 USB
Binary inputs (Default, other functions programmable)	Three: 1. Start Autotune 2. not assigned 3. not assigned		One: Start Autotune
Binary outputs (Default, other functions programmable)	Two relay outputs 1. Limit (desired value cannot be achieved) 2. Error (e.g. sensor fault) Load capacity: max. 60 V, 1 A, 60 VA		One relay output 1. Limit (desired value cannot be achieved) Load capacity: max. 25 V, 1 A, 25 VA

Measuring Principle



This sensor works as a hot-film anemometer in the so-called CTA operational mode (Constant Temperature Anemometer). To do this, two resistors with precisely specified temperature coefficients located directly in the media flow and three resistors located outside the flow are connected together to form a bridge.

The first resistor in the gas flow (R_1) measures the fluid temperature, while the second, low-value resistor (R_2) is heated so that it is maintained at a fixed, predefined over-temperature with respect to the fluid tem-

Nominal Flow Ranges of Typical Gases

(other gases on request)

Gas	Min. Q_{nom} [l _N /min]	Max. Q_{nom} [l _N /min]
Acetylene	20	975
Ammonia	20	1250
Argon	20	1500
Carbon dioxide	20	800
Air	20	1500
Methane	20	750
Propane	20	400
Oxygen	20	1500
Nitrogen	20	1500

perature. The heating current required to maintain this is a measure of the heat being removed by the flowing gas, and represents the primary measurement.

An adequate flow conditioning within the MFC and the calibration with high-quality flow standards ensure that the mass of gas flowing per time unit can be derived from the primary signal with high accuracy.

Notes Regarding the Configuration

For the proper choice of the actuator orifice within the MFC, not only the required maximum flow rate Q_{nom} , but also the pressure values directly before and after the MFC (p_1 , p_2) at this flow rate Q_{nom} should be known. In general, these pressures are not the same as the overall inlet and outlet pressures of the whole plant, because there are usually additional flow resistors (tubing, additional shut-off valves, nozzles etc.) present both before and after the controller.

Please use the specification sheet (p. 10) to indicate the pressures directly before and after the MFC. If these should be unknown or not accessible to a measurement, estimates are to be made by taking into account the approximate pressure drops over the flow resistors before and after the MFC, respectively, at a flow rate of Q_{nom} .

In addition, please quote the maximum inlet pressure $p_{1,max}$ to be encountered. This data is needed to make sure the actuator is able to provide a close-tight function within all the specified modes of operation.

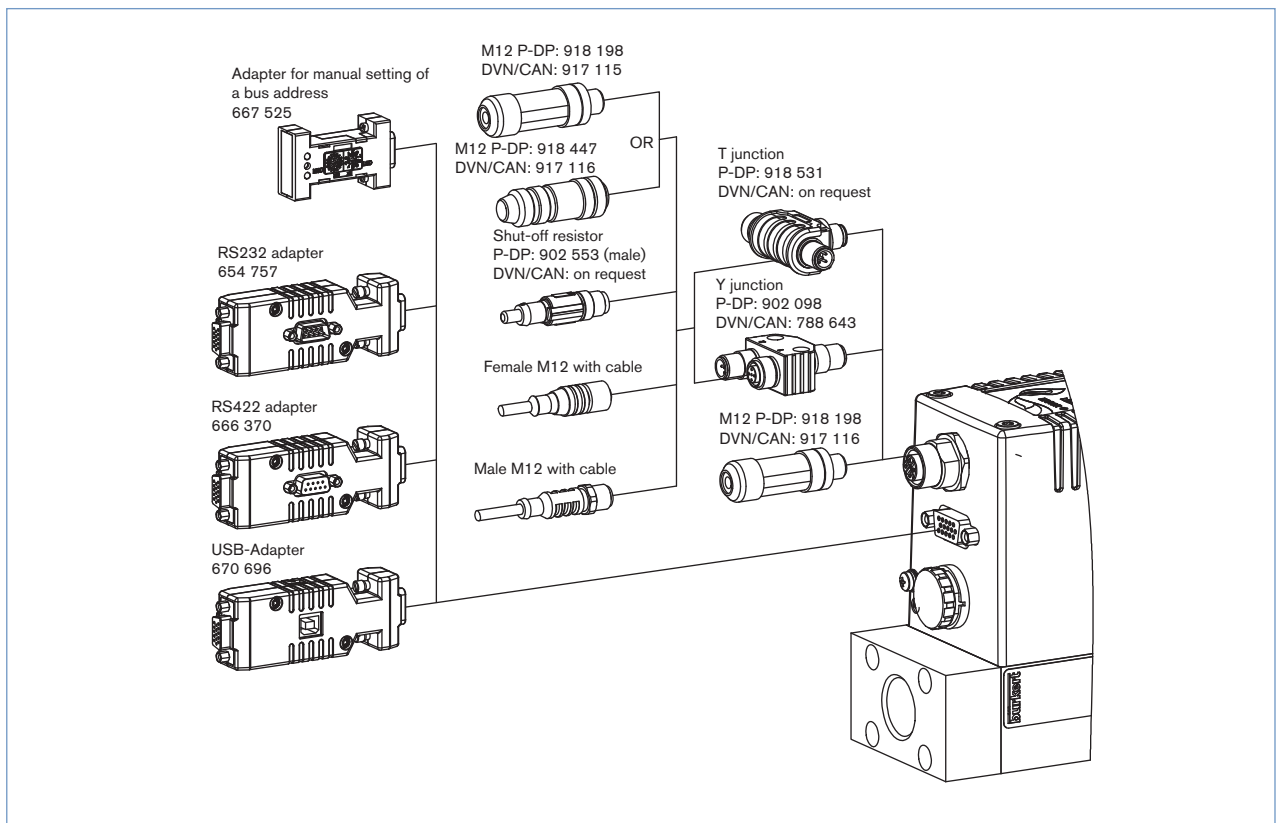
▶ Please use the form on page 10 for the information about your specific requirements.

Ordering Chart for Accessories

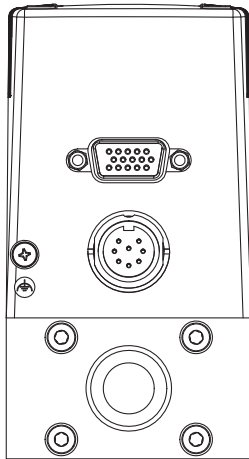
Article	Item No.	
Connectors/Cables		
Round plug M16 8-pin (solder connection)	918 299	
Round plug M16 8-pin with 5m cable	787 733	
Round plug M16 8-pin with 10m cable	787 734	
Plug D-Sub HD15 15-pin with 5m cable	787 735	
Plug D-Sub HD15 15-pin with 10m cable	787 736	
Adapters ⁴⁾		
RS232 adapter for connection to a computer, connection with an extension cable (item no. 917039)	654 757	
Extension cable for RS232 9-pin socket/plug 2 m	917 039	
RS422-Adapter (RS485 compatible)	666 370	
USB-Adapter for D-Sub HD15	670 696	
USB-Adapter for D-Sub 9-pin (RS485 Version)	670 693	
USB connection cable 2 m	772 299	
Adapter for manual bus adresse settings (instead of SW)	667 525	
Software MassFlowCommunicator	Download from www.buerkert.com	
Accessories for Fieldbus	PROFIBUS DP (B-coded)	DeviceNet/ CANopen (A-coded)
M12-Plug ⁵⁾	918 198	917 115
M12-socket (coupling) ⁵⁾	918 447	917 116
Y-junction ⁵⁾	902 098	788 643
T-junction	918 531	(on request)
Shut-off resistor	902 553	(on request)
GSD-File (PROFIBUS), EDS-File (DeviceNet, CANopen)	Download from www.buerkert.com (see Type 8626)	

⁴⁾ The adapters serve mainly for initial operation or diagnosis. Those are not obligatory for continuous operation.

⁵⁾ The two M12 connectors as listed above cannot be used together on the same side of the Y-junction. At least one of the two M12 connection needs to be a prefabricated cable which uses typically a thinner connector.

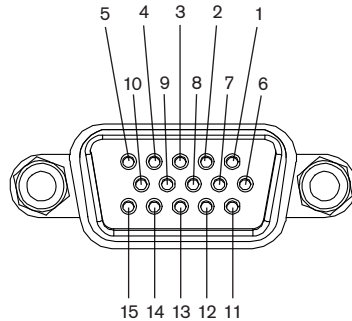


Pin Assignment



Standard

Socket D-Sub HD15



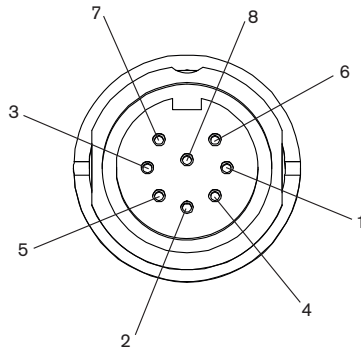
Pin	Assignment	
	Analogue Control	Bus control
1	Set value input +	N.C. ⁹⁾
2	Set value input GND	N.C.
3	Actual value output +	N.C.
4	Binary input 2	
5	12V-Output (only for internal company use)	
6	RS232 TxD (direct connection to computer)	
7	Binary input 1	
8	GND (for binary inputs)	
9	only company internal use (do not connect!)	
10	12V-Output (only for internal company use)	
11	12V-Output (only for internal company use)	
12	Binary input 3	
13	Actual value output GND	N.C.
14	RS232 RxD (direct connection to computer)	
15	DGND (for RS232-interface)	

⁹⁾N.C.: not connected (not used)

Note:

- Optional Pin 1 and 2 with bus version as transmitter input possible
- The cable length for RS232/ Setpoint and flow value signal is limited to 30 meters.

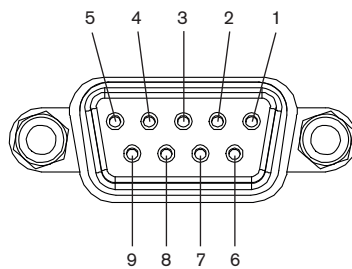
Socket M16, round, 8-pin



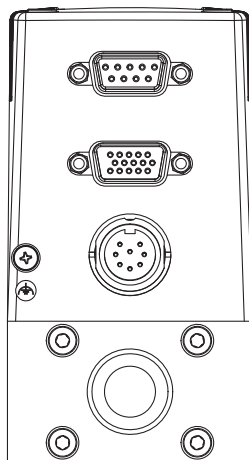
Pin	Assignment
1	24V-Supply +
2	Relay 1 – reference contact
3	Relay 2 – reference contact
4	Relay 1 – normally closed
5	Relay 1 – normally opened
6	24V-Supply GND
7	Relay 2 – normally opened
8	Relay 2 – normally closed

Socket D-Sub 9-pin

(only with fieldbus version)

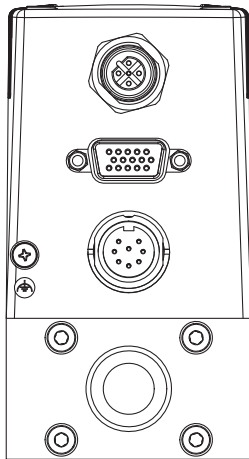


Pin	Assignment	
	PROFIBUS DP	DeviceNet/ CANopen
1	Shield	Shield
2	N.C.	CAN-L data line
3	RxD/TxD - P (B-line)	GND
4	RTS (control signal for repeater)	N.C.
5	GND	N.C.
6	VDD (only for termination resistor)	N.C.
7	N.C.	CAN-H data line
8	RxD/TxD - N (A-line)	N.C.
9	N.C.	N.C.

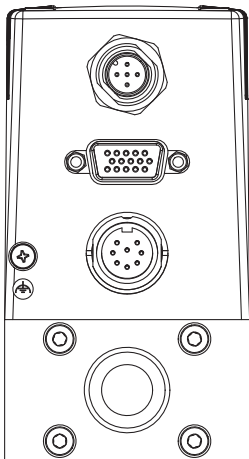


Fieldbus D-SUB

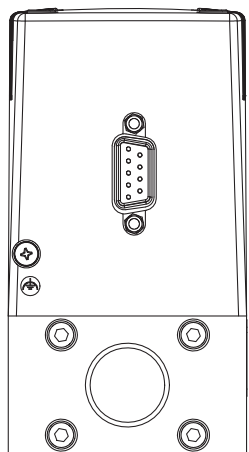
Pin Assignment (continued)



M12 Profibus

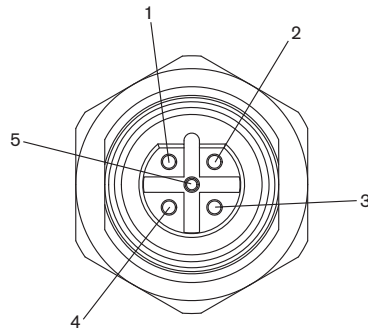


M12 DeviceNet



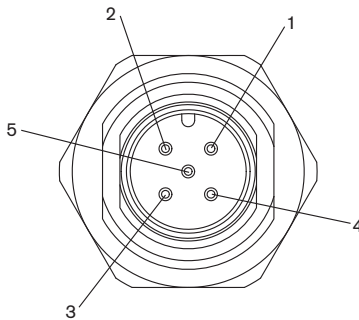
RS485 version

PROFIBUS DP – socket B-coded M12 (DPV1 max. 12 Mbaud)



Pin	Assignment
1	VDD (only for termination resistor)
2	RxD/TxD – N (A-line)
3	DGND
4	RxD/TxD – P (B-line)
5	N.C.

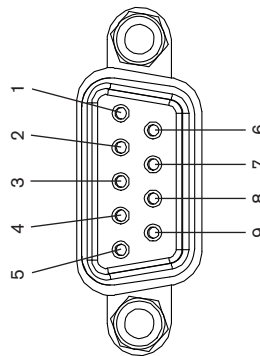
DeviceNet/ CANopen – Plug A-coded M12



Pin	Assignment
1	Shield
2	N.C. ⁷⁾
3	DGND
4	CAN_H
5	CAN_L

⁷⁾ Optional configuration with 24V DC possible for power supply via fieldbus connector. With this no power supply connection on round M16 plug needed.

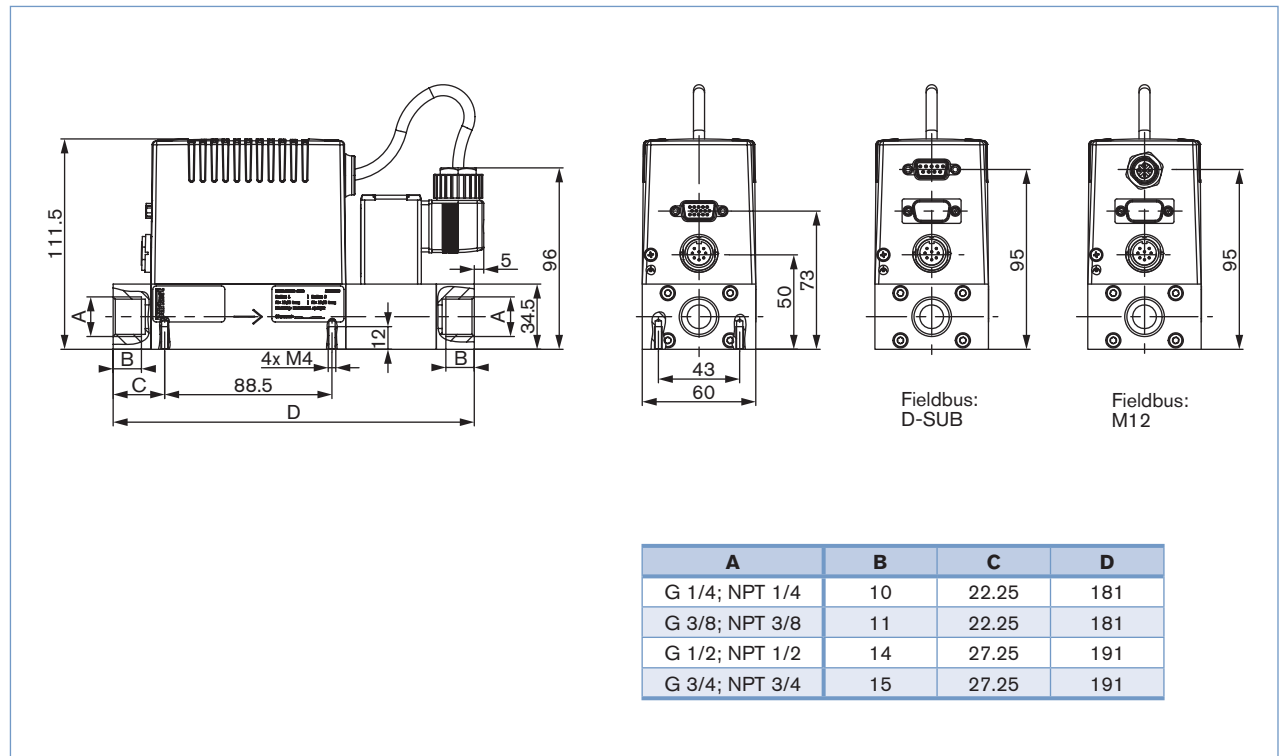
Plug D-Sub 9-pin



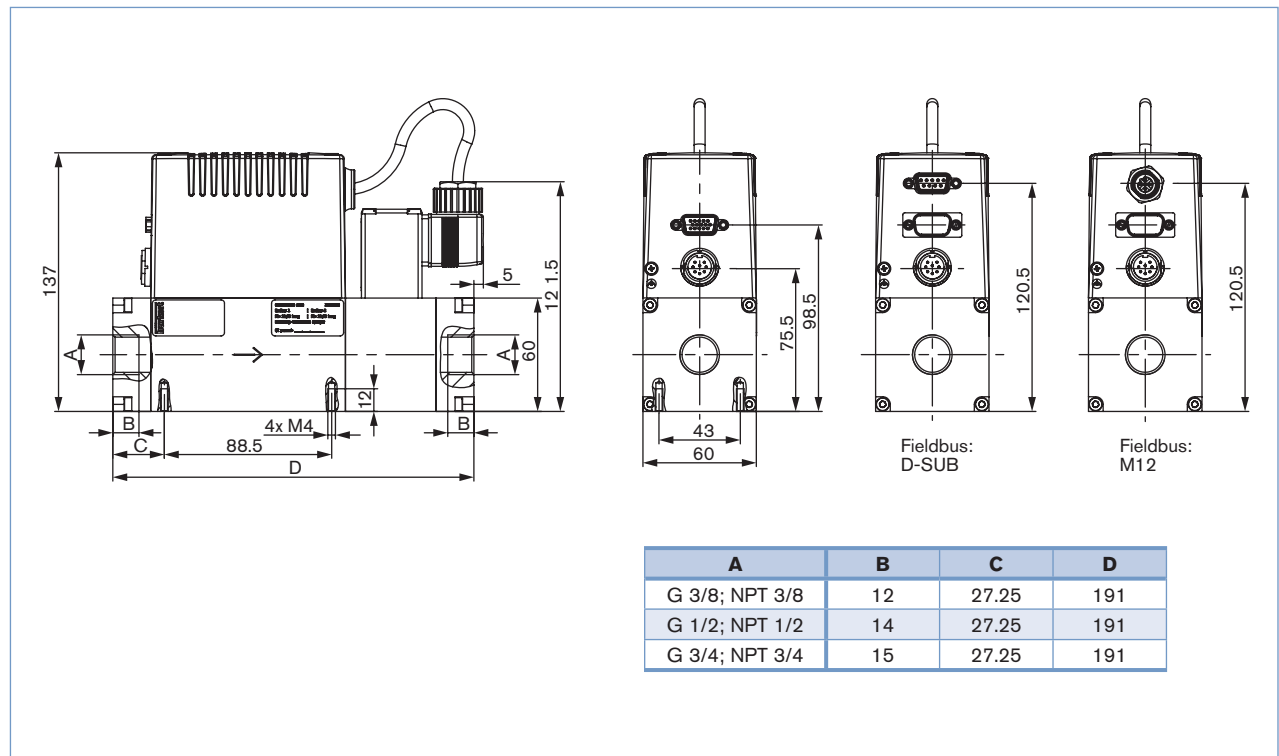
Pin	Assignment
1	Binary input (related to GND Pin 2)
2	GND
3	Power supply +24V DC
4	Relay, normally opened
5	Relay, normally closed
6	TX+ (RS485-Y) – bridge with pin 9 at half duplex
7	TX- (RS485-Z) – bridge with pin 8 at half duplex
8	RX- (RS485-B)
9	RX+ (RS485-A)

Dimensions [mm]

MFC 8626 with valve type 2833 (9W coil)

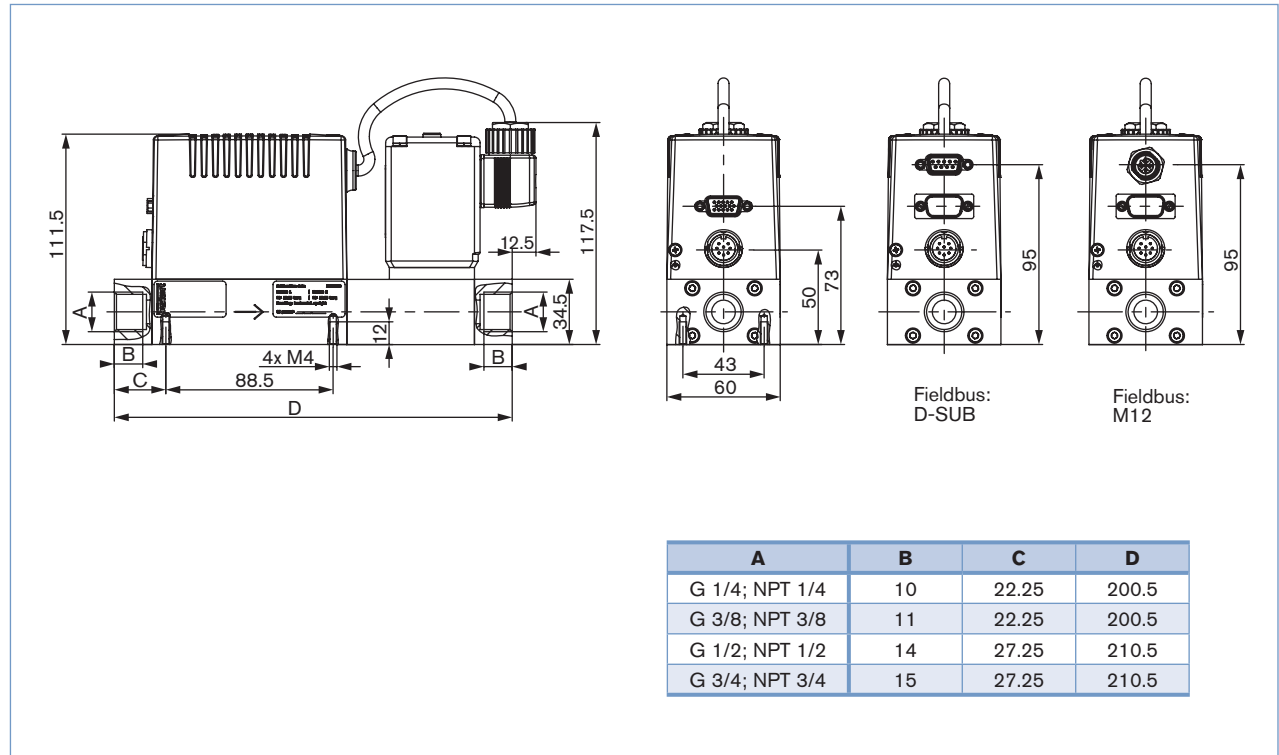


MFC 8626 with valve type 2833 (9W coil) and base block for large nominal flow rates

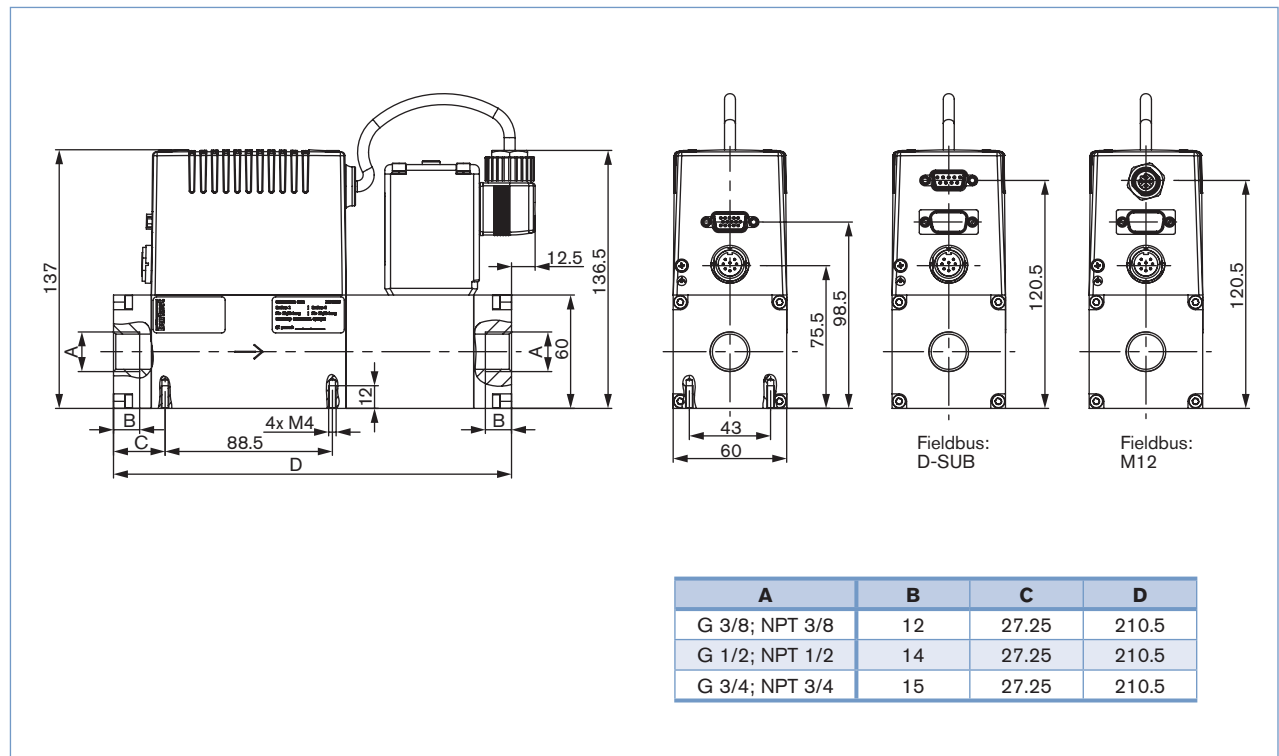


Dimensions [mm]

MFC 8626 with valve type 2835 (16W coil)

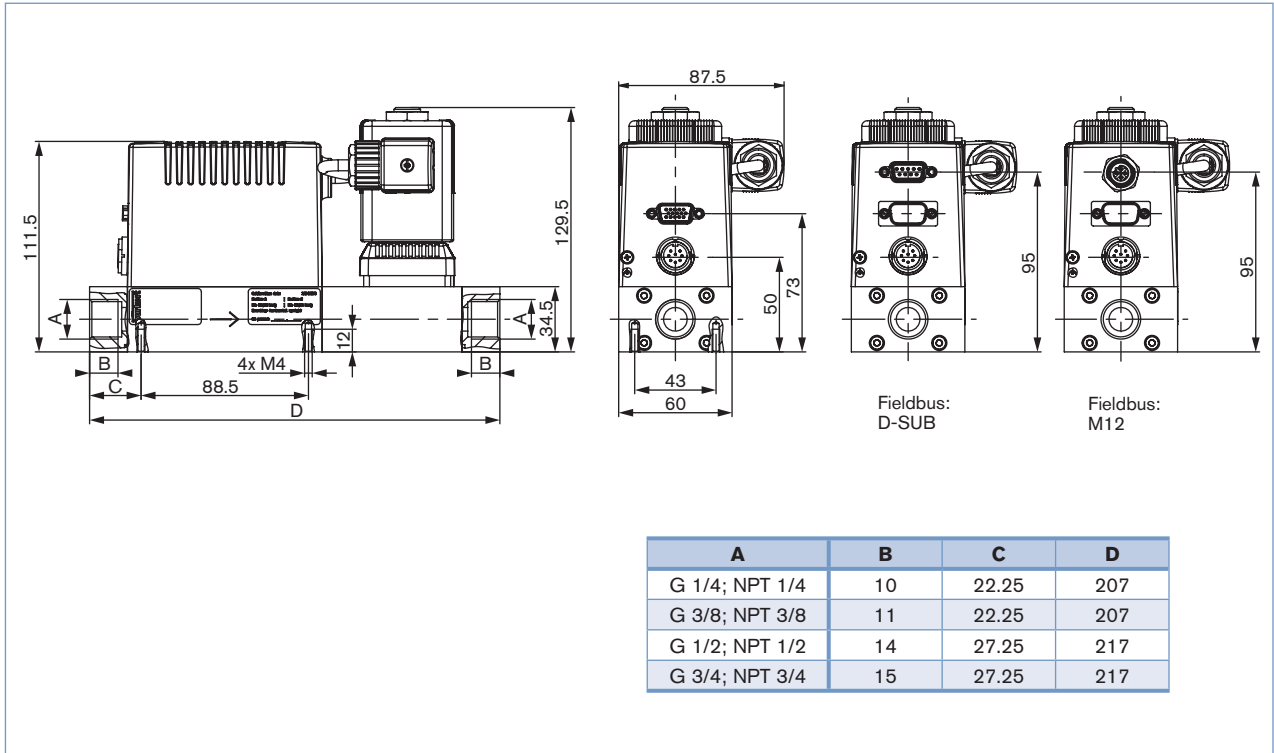


MFC 8626 with valve type 2835 (16W coil) and base block for large nominal flow rates

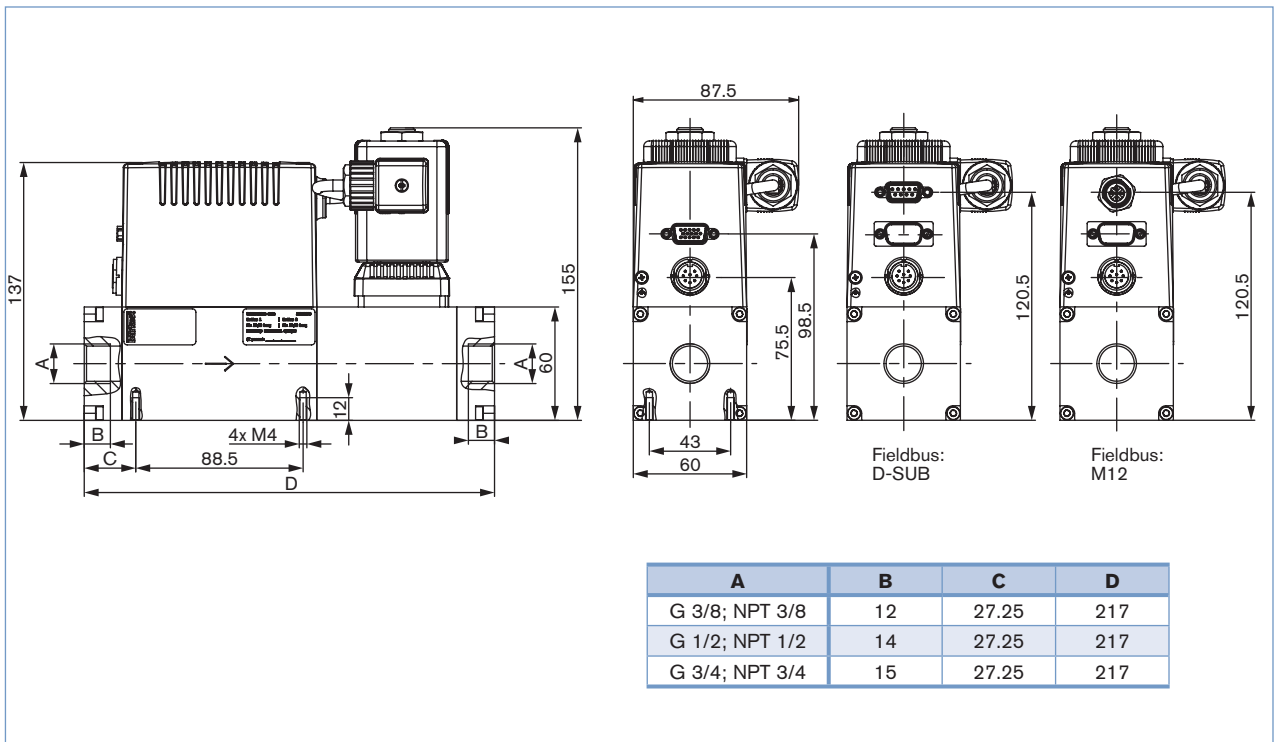


Dimensions [mm]

MFC 8626 with valve type 6024 (18W coil)

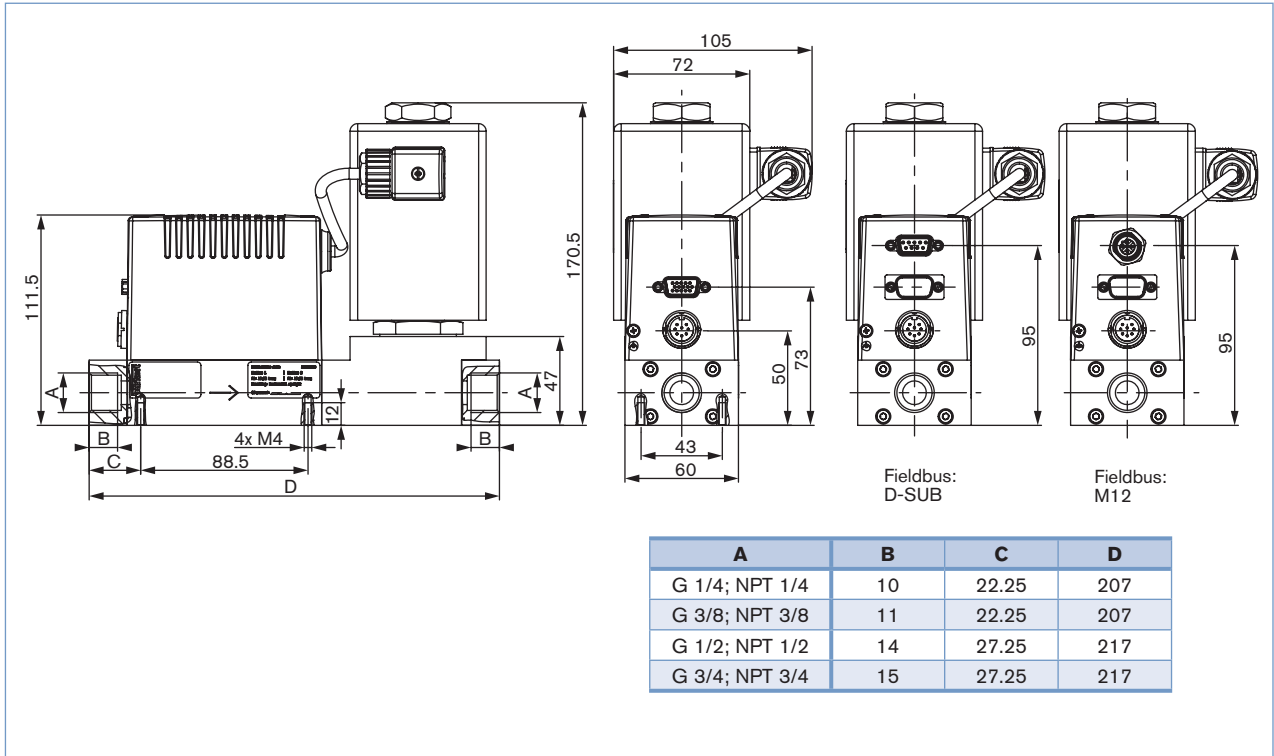


MFC 8626 with valve type 6024 (18W coil) and base block for large nominal flow rates

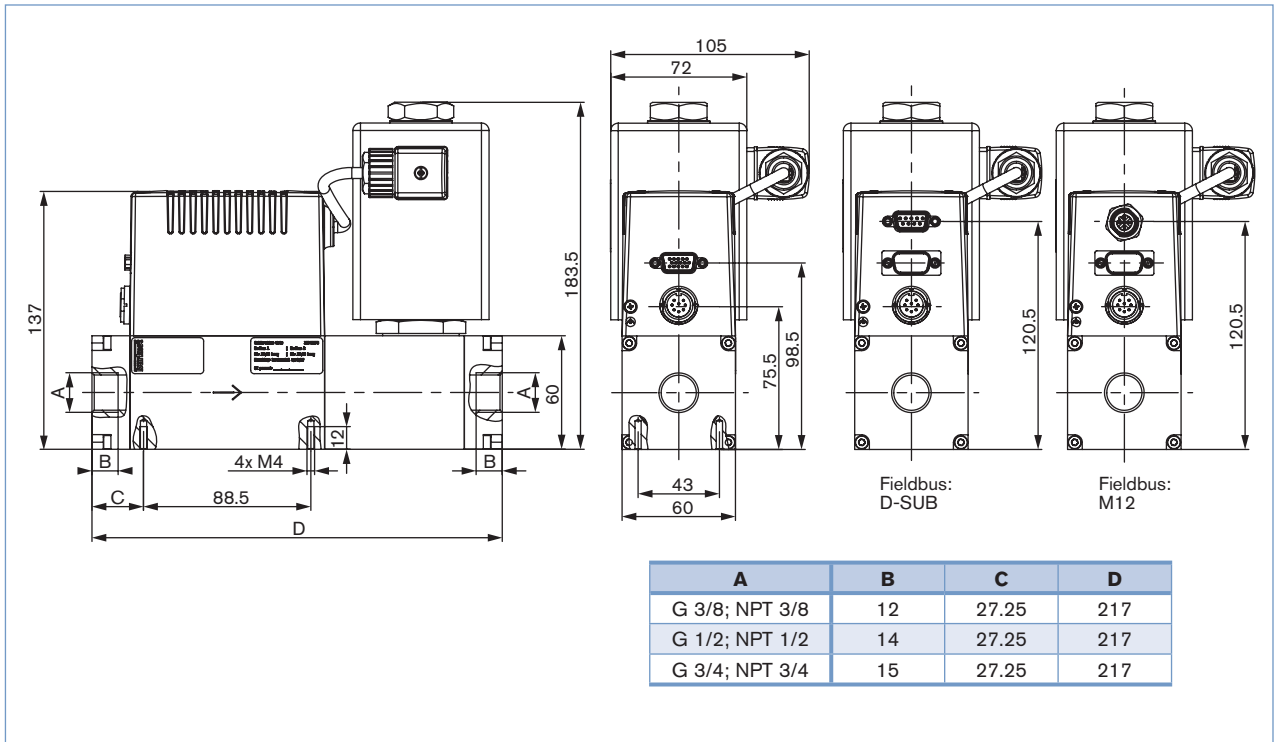


Dimensions [mm]

MFC 8626 with valve type 2836 (24W coil)



MFC 8626 with valve type 2836 (24W coil) and base block for large nominal flow rates



MFC/MFM Applications – Request for Quotation

▶ Please complete and send to your nearest Bürkert sales centre

Company	Contact person
Customer No	Department
Address	Tel./Fax
Postcode/Town	E-mail

 MFC-Application MFM-Application Quantity Required delivery date

Fluid data

Type of gas (or gas proportion in mixtures)

Density kg/m³ ⁸⁾

Gas temperature °C °F

Moisture content g/m³

Abrasive components/solid particles no yes, as follows:

Fluidic data

Flow range Q_{nom} Min. l_N/min ⁸⁾ l_S/min (slpm) ⁹⁾
 Max. m_N³/h ⁸⁾ kg/h
 cm_N³/min ⁸⁾ cm_S³/min (scm) ⁹⁾
 l_N/h ⁸⁾ l_S/h ⁹⁾

Inlet pressure at Q_{nom} ¹⁰⁾ $p_1 =$ bar(g) ■

Outlet pressure at Q_{nom} $p_2 =$ bar(g) ■

Max. inlet pressure p_{1max} bar(g) ■

MFC/MFM port connection without screw-in fitting
 1/4" G-thread (DIN ISO 228/1) 1/4" NPT-thread (ANSI B1.2)
 3/8" G-thread (DIN ISO 228/1) 3/8" NPT-thread (ANSI B1.2)
 1/2" G-thread (DIN ISO 228/1) 1/2" NPT-thread (ANSI B1.2)
 3/4" G-thread (DIN ISO 228/1) 3/4" NPT-thread (ANSI B1.2)
 with screw-in fitting
 mm Pipeline (external Ø)
 inch Pipeline (external Ø)

Installation horizontal, valve upright (standard) horizontal, valve on side
 vertical, flow upwards vertical, flow downwards

Ambient temperature °C

Material data

Body (base block) Aluminium (anodised) Stainless steel

Seal material FKM EPDM

Electrical data

Signals for set point and actual value	Standard signal Setpoint / Actual value	with fieldbus	with RS485
	<input type="checkbox"/> 0-5 V <input type="checkbox"/> 0-20 mA <input type="checkbox"/> 0-10 V <input type="checkbox"/> 4-20 mA	<input type="checkbox"/> PROFIBUS DP <input type="checkbox"/> D-Sub <input type="checkbox"/> DeviceNet <input type="checkbox"/> M12 <input type="checkbox"/> CANopen	<input type="checkbox"/> D-Sub

■ Please quote all pressure values as overpressures with respect to atmospheric pressure [bar(ü)]
8) at: 1,013 bar(a) and 0°C 9) at: 1.013 bar (a) and 20°C 10) matches with calibration pressure

To find your nearest Bürkert facility, click on the orange box



In case of special application conditions,
please consult for advice.

Subject to alteration.
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1510/6_EU-en_00891821

Mass Flow Controller (MFC) for Gases



- Bypass MFC with capillary technology for nominal flow rates from 5 ml_N/min to 15 l_N/min
- Applicable for aggressive gases
- Fieldbus option

Type 8710 can be combined with...



Type 8619

Multichannel program controller



Type 0330

3/2 or 2/2-way solenoid valve



Type 6013

2/2-way solenoid valve

Type 8710 controls the mass flow of gases through a sensor element which is not in direct contact with the gas itself. The measured value provided by the sensor (see the description on page 2) will be compared in the digital control electronics with the predefined set point according to the signal; if a control difference is present, the control value output to the proportional valve will be modified using a PI control algorithm. In this way, the mass flow can be maintained at a fixed value or a predefined profile can be followed, regardless of pressure variations or other changes in the system.

The control element, a proportional valve working at low friction, guarantees a high sensitivity and an excellent control characteristics of the unit. The MassFlowCommunicator software can be used for parameterisation and diagnosis.

Typical application areas are gas dosing or rather the production of gas mixtures in:

- Heat treating,
- Melting treatment,
- Environmental technology,
- Material coating

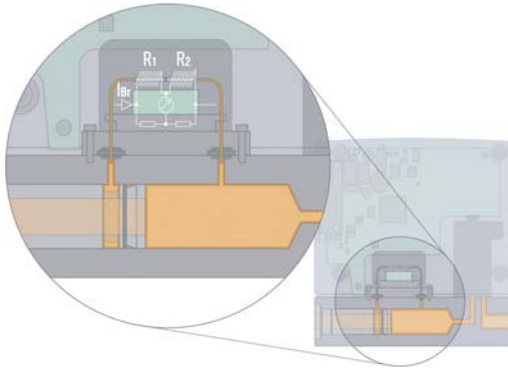
Technical data	
Full scale ranges¹⁾ (Q _{nom})	5 to 15000 ml _N /min ²⁾ N ₂ equivalent
Control range	1:50
Operating gases	Neutral, or aggressive gases
Calibration gas	Operating gas or air with conversion factor
Max. operating pressure (Inlet pressure)	10 bar (145 psi), depending on the orifice of the valve
Medium temperature	-10 to +70°C (-10 to +60°C for oxygen)
Ambient temperature	-10 to +50°C, others on request
Accuracy	±1.5% o.R. ±0.3% F.S. (after 30min. warm-up time)
Repeatability	±0.1% F.S.
Settling time (t_{95%})	<3 s
Materials	
Body	Stainless steel
Housing	PC (Polycarbonate) or metal
Seals	FKM, EPDM, FFKM
Port connections	NPT 1/4, G 1/4, Screw-in fitting or sub-base, others on request
Control valve (proportional valve)	Normally closed
Valve orifice	0.05 to 2.0 mm
k _{VS} -value	0.00006 to 0.09 m ³ /h
Electr. connection	D-Sub plug 15-pin with PROFIBUS-DP: Socket M12 5-pin with DeviceNet, CANopen: Socket M12 5-pin
Power supply	24V DC
Voltage tolerance	±10 %
Residual ripple	<2 %
Power consumption	Max. 3.5-10 W (depends on proportional valve)
Input signal	0-5 V, 0-10 V, 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA
Input impedance	> 20 kΩ (voltage), < 300 Ω (current)
Output signal	0-5 V, 0-10 V, 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA
Max. current (voltage output)	10 mA
Max. load (current output)	600 Ω
Digital communication via adapter possible:	RS232, Modbus RTU (via RS adapter) RS485, RS422 or USB (see accessories table on p. 3)
Fieldbus option	PROFIBUS-DP, DeviceNet, CANopen
Protection class	IP40
Dimensions [mm]	See drawings on pages 5 and 6
Total weight	ca. 850 g (stainless steel)
Mounting position	Horizontal or vertical
Light emitting diode display (default, other allocations possible)	Indication for Power, Limit (with analog signals) / Communication (with fieldbus), Error
Binary input (default, other functions possible)	Two 1. Start autotune 2. Not assigned
Binary output (default, other functions possible)	One relay-output for 1. setpoint not reached, Max. load: 25V, 1A, 25VA

¹⁾ The nominal flow value is the max. flow value calibrated which can be controlled. The nominal flow range defines the range of nominal flow rates (full scale values) possible.

²⁾ Index N: Flow rates referred to 1.013 bar and 0° C.

Alternatively there is an Index S available which refers to 1.013 bar and 20° C

Measuring principle



The measurement is based on the bypass principle. A laminar flow element in the main channel generates a small pressure drop. This drives a small flow, proportional to the main flow, through the bypass (sensor tube).

Two heating resistors, which are connected in a measuring bridge, are wound on this stainless steel tube. In the zero-flow state, the bridge is balanced, but with flow, heat is transported in the flow direction and the bridge becomes unbalanced.

The dynamics of the measurement is limited by the tube walls, which act as a thermal barrier. Through use of suitable software in the controller, response times are obtained (in the range of a few seconds) that are adequate for a wide range of applications.

With contaminated gases we recommend to install filter elements upstream. This avoids changes in the division ratio between main flow and sensor tube, as well as changes in the heat transmission caused by deposits on the walls of the sensor tube.

With these sensors even aggressive gases can be controlled, because all essential parts in contact with the gas are fabricated in stainless steel. With this sensor principle it is also possible to convert between different gases.

$$Q(\text{Gas}) = f \times Q(\text{N}_2)$$

gas	factor f
N ₂	1.00
Luft	1.00
O ₂	0.98
H ₂	1.01
Ar	1.4
He	1.42
CO ₂	0.77

By using the gas factors it is possible that the accuracy is not within the datasheet specification. For applications which need high accuracy it is recommended to calibrate under application conditions.

The compatibility of the sealing materials of the MFCs should be checked before use with another gas.

Notes regarding the selection of the unit

For the proper choice of the actuator orifice within the MFC, not only the required maximum flow rate Q_{nom} , but also the pressure values *directly* before and after the MFC (p_1, p_2) at this flow rate Q_{nom} should be known. In general, these pressures are not the same as the overall inlet and outlet pressures of the whole plant, because usually there are additional flow resistors (tubing, additional shut-off valves, nozzles etc.) present both before and after the controller.

Please use the request for quotation form on p. 5 to indicate the pressures *directly* before and after the MFC. If these should be unknown or not accessible to a measurement, estimates are to be made by taking into account the approximate pressure drops over the flow resistors before and after the MFC, respectively, at a flow rate of Q_{nom} . In addition, please quote the maximum inlet pressure $p_{1\text{max}}$ to be encountered. This data is needed to make sure the actuator is able to provide a close-tight function within all the specified modes of operation.

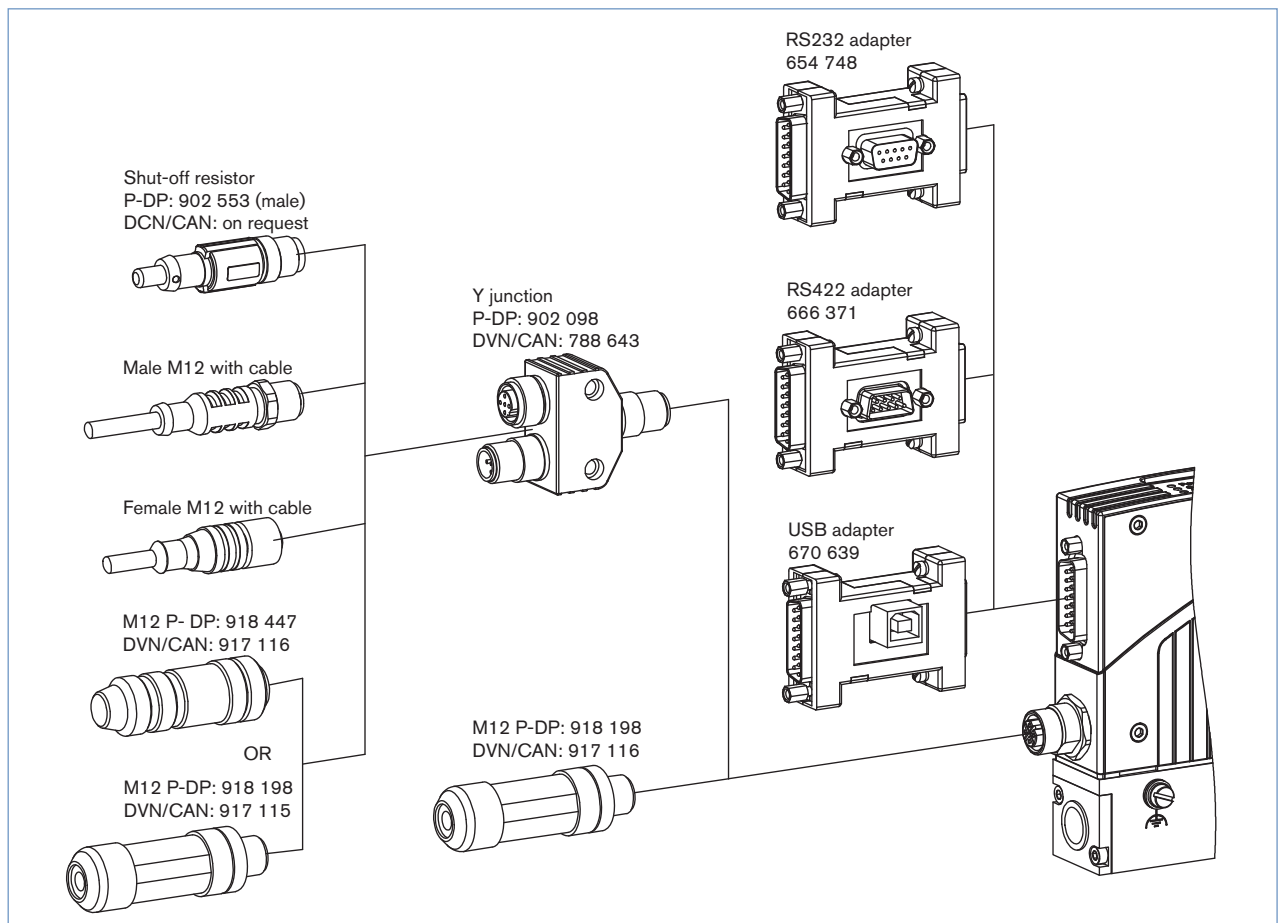
► **The request for quotation form on page 7 contains the relevant fluid specification. Please use in this way the experience of Bürkert engineers already in the design phase and provide us with a copy of the request containing the data of your application together with your inquiry or order.**

Ordering Chart for Accessories

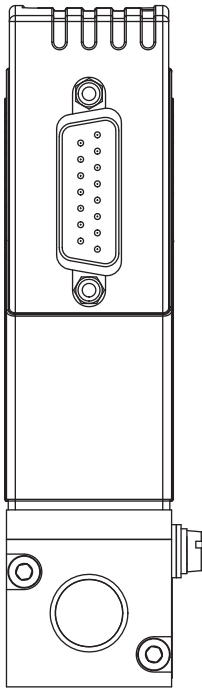
Article	Item No.	
Connections/Cables		
Socket D-Sub 15-pin solder connection	918 274	
Hood for D-Sub socket, with screw locking	918 408	
Socket D-Sub 15-pin with 5m cable	787 737	
Socket D-Sub 15-pin with 10m cable	787 738	
Adapters ³⁾		
RS232 adapter	654 748	
PC extension cable for RS232 9-pin socket/plug 2 m	917 039	
RS422 adapter (RS485 compatible)	666 371	
USB adapter (Version 1.1, USB socket type B)	670 639	
USB connection cable 2 m	772 299	
Communication software MassFlowCommunicator	Download from www.buerkert.com	
Accessories for Fieldbus	PROFIBUS DP (B-coded)	DeviceNet, CANopen (A-coded)
Plug M12 ⁴⁾	918 198	917 115
Socket M12 (coupling) ⁴⁾	918 447	917 116
Y-junction ⁴⁾	902 098	788 643
Shut-off resistor	902 553	(on request)
GSD-File (PROFIBUS), EDS-File (DeviceNet, CANopen)	Download from www.buerkert.com	

³⁾ The adapters serve mainly for initial operation or diagnosis. Those are not obligatory for continuous operation.

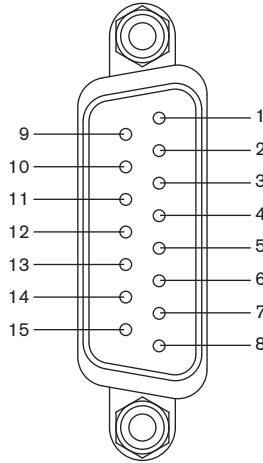
⁴⁾ The two M12 connectors as listed above cannot be used together on the same side of the Y-junction. At least one of the two M12 connections needs to be a prefabricated cable which uses typically a thinner connector.



Pin Assignment



Plug D-Sub, 15-pin



Pin	Assignment	
	Analogue Control	Bus control
1	Relay – normally closed	
2	Relay – normally open	
3	Relay – middle contact	
4	GND for 24V-Supply and Binary inputs	
5	24V-Supply +	
6	Only for internal company use	
7	Set value input GND	N.C. ⁵⁾
8	Set value input +	N.C.
9	Actual value output GND	N.C.
10	Actual value output +	N.C.
11	DGND (for RS232) ⁶⁾	
12	Binary input 1	
13	Binary input 2	
14	RS232 RxD (without driver) ⁶⁾	
15	RS232 TxD (without driver) ⁶⁾	

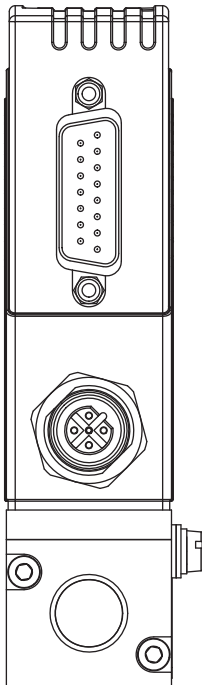
⁵⁾N.C.: not connected (not used)

Note:

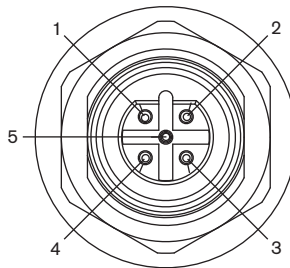
– Optional Pin 7 and 8 with bus version as transmitter input possible
 – The cable length for RS232/ Setpoint and actual value signal is limited to 30 meters.

⁶⁾ Driving RS232 interface only by RS232 adapter including an adaption of TTL levels

With Fieldbus Version:

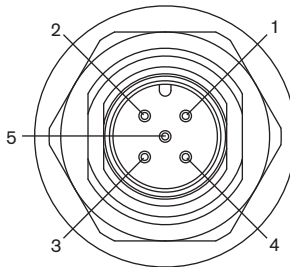


PROFIBUS DP – socket B-coded M12 (DPV1 max. 12 Mbaud)



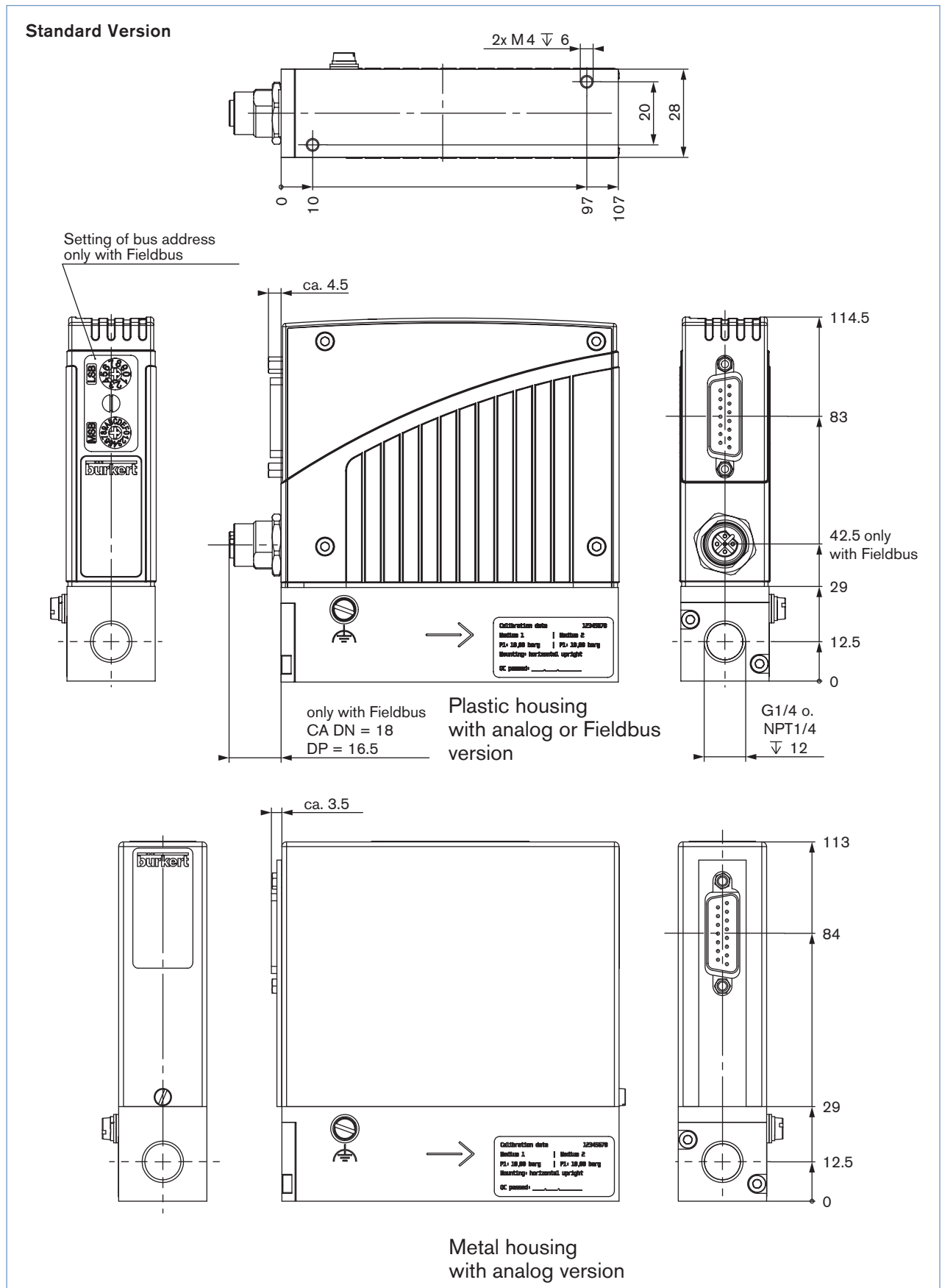
Pin	Assignment
1	VDD (only for termination resistor)
2	RxD/ TxD – N (A-Line)
3	DGND
4	RxD/ TxD – P (B-Line)
5	N.C.

DeviceNet, CANopen – Plug M12

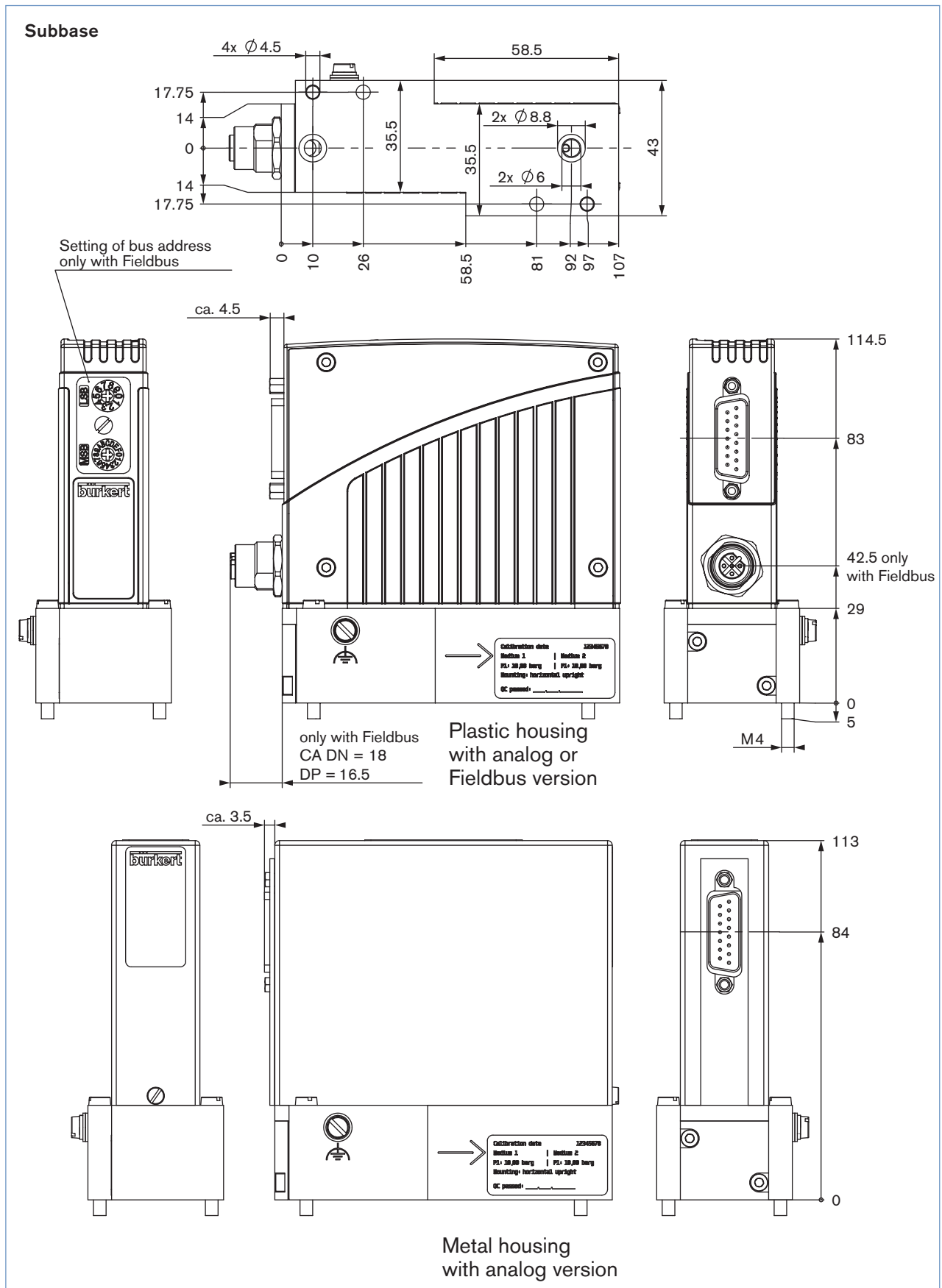


Pin	Assignment
1	Shield
2	N.C.
3	DGND
4	CAN_H
5	CAN_L

Dimensions [mm]



Dimensions [mm]



MFC/MFM-applications - Request for quotation

▶ Please complete and send to your nearest Bürkert sales centre

Company	Contact person
Customer No	Department
Address	Tel./Fax
Postcode/Town	E-mail

 MFC-Application MFM-Application Quantity Required delivery date

Medium data

Type of gas (or gas proportion in mixtures)

Density kg/m³ ⁷⁾

Gas temperature [°C or °F] °C °F

Moisture content g/m³

Abrasive components/solid particles no yes, as follows:

Fluidic data

Flow range Q_{nom} Min. l_N/min ⁷⁾ l_S/min (slpm) ⁸⁾
 Max. m_N³/h ⁷⁾ kg/h
 cm_N³/min ⁷⁾ cm_S³/min (scm) ⁸⁾
 l_N/h ⁷⁾ l_S/h ⁸⁾

Inlet pressure at Q_{nom} ⁹⁾ $p_1 =$ bar(g) ■

Outlet pressure at Q_{nom} $p_2 =$ bar(g) ■

Max. inlet pressure P_{1max} bar(g) ■

MFC/MFM port connection

without screw-in fitting

1/4" G-thread (DIN ISO 228/1)

1/4" NPT-thread (ANSI B1.2)

with screw-in fitting (acc. to specification for pipeline)

mm Pipeline (external Ø)

inch Pipeline (external Ø)

Flange version

Installation

horizontal

vertical, flow upwards vertical, flow downwards

Ambient temperature °C

Material data

Body Stainless steel

Housing Plastic Metal (not with type 8712/8702 and not with fieldbus)

Seal FKM EPDM FFKM

Electrical data

Signals for set point and actual value	with standard signal		with fieldbus	
	Setpoint	actual value		
<input type="checkbox"/> 0-5 V	<input type="checkbox"/> 0-5 V	<input type="checkbox"/> PROFIBUS DP	<input type="checkbox"/> M12	
<input type="checkbox"/> 0-10 V	<input type="checkbox"/> 0-10 V	<input type="checkbox"/> DeviceNet	<input type="checkbox"/> D-Sub	
<input type="checkbox"/> 0-20 mA	<input type="checkbox"/> 0-20 mA	<input type="checkbox"/> CANopen	(only for type 8712/8702)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 4-20 mA	<input type="checkbox"/> 4-20 mA			

■ Please quote all pressure values as overpressures with respect to atmospheric pressure bar(ü)

7) at: 1,013 bar(a) and 0°C

8) at: 1.013 bar (a) and 20°C

9) matches with calibration pressure

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In case of special application conditions, please consult for advice.

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1501/4_EU-en_00891883

Mass Flow Controller (MFC) for Gases



Type 8711 can be combined with...



Type 8619

Multichannel
program controller



Type 0330

2/2 or 3/2-way
solenoid valve



Type 6013

2/2-way
solenoid valve



Type 6606

2/2 or 3/2-way
solenoid valve

- Direct flow measurement for nominal flow rates from 10 ml_N/min to 80 l_N/min (N₂) in MEMS technology
- High accuracy and repeatability
- Short settling time
- Optional fieldbus

Type 8711 controls the mass flow of gases that is relevant for most applications in process technologies. The measured value provided by the chip sensor (see the description on page 2) will be compared in the digital control electronics with the predefined set point according to the signal; if a control difference is present, the control value output to the proportional valve will be modified using a PI-control algorithm. Due to the fact that the sensor is directly in contact with the gas a very fast response time of the MFC is reached. In this way, the mass flow can be maintained at a fixed value or a predefined profile can be followed, regardless of pressure variations or other changes in the system. Type 8711 can optionally be calibrated for two different gases, the user is able to switch between these two gases.

As control element a direct-acting proportional valve guarantees a high sensitivity and a good control characteristics of the MFC. The MassFlowCommunicator software can be used for parameterisation and diagnosis. Typical application areas are gas dosing or rather the production of gas mixtures in:

- Test benches
- Bio reactors
- Heat treatment
- Material coating
- Burner controls
- Fuel cell technology

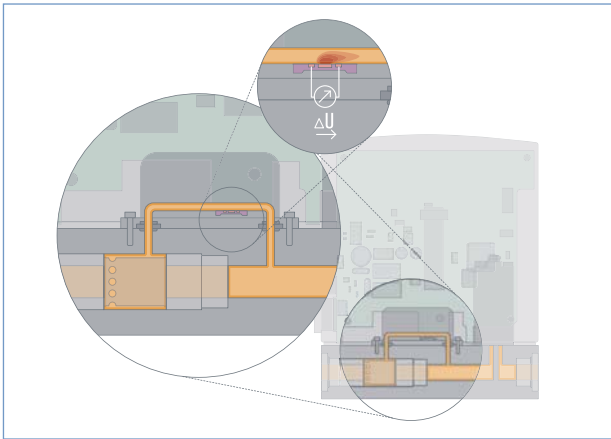
Technical Data	
Nominal flow range¹⁾ (Q _{nominal})	10 ml _N /min ²⁾ to 80 l _N /min (N ₂), see table on p. 2
Turn-down ratio	1:50, higher turn-down ratio on request
Operating gas	Neutral, non-contaminated gases, on request
Calibration gas	Operating gas or air with conversion factor
Max. operating pressure (Inlet pressure)	10 bar (145 psi) depending on the orifice of the valve
Gas temperature	-10 to +70°C (-10 to +60°C with oxygen)
Ambient temperature	-10 to +50°C
Accuracy	±0.8% o.R. ±0.3% F.S. (after 1 min. warm up time)
Repeatability	±0.1% F.S.
Settling time (t95%)	< 300 ms
Materials	
Body	Aluminium or stainless steel
Housing	PC (Polycarbonate) or metal
Seals	FKM, EPDM
Port connection	NPT 1/4, G 1/4, screw-in fitting or flange, others on request
Regulating unit (Proportional Valve)	
Valve orifice	Normally closed
k _{VS} value	0.05 to 4.0 mm 0.00006 to 0.32 m ³ /h
Electr. connection	
Additionally with fieldbus:	Plug D-Sub 15-pin with PROFIBUS-DP: Socket M12 5-pin with DeviceNet, CANopen: Socket M12 5-pin
Power supply	24V DC
Voltage tolerance	±10%
Residual ripple	< 2%
Power consumption	Max. 3.5–14 W (depending on proportional valve used)
Input signal	
Input impedance	0–5 V, 0–10 V, 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA > 20 kΩ (voltage), < 300 Ω (current)
Output signal	
Max. current (voltage)	0–5 V, 0–10 V, 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA
Max. load (current)	10 mA 600 Ω
Digital communication	
via adapter possible:	RS232, Modbus RTU (via RS adapter) RS485, RS422 or USB (see accessories table on p. 3)
Fieldbus option	PROFIBUS-DP, DeviceNet, CANopen
Protection class	IP40
Dimensions [mm]	see drawings 5–7
Total weight	ca. 500 g (aluminium body)
Installation	horizontal or vertical
Light emitting diodes (default functions, other functions programmable)	Indication for power, Limit (with analog signals) / Communication (with fieldbus) and error
Binary inputs (default functions, other functions programmable)	Two 1. Start Autotune 2. not assigned
Binary output (default functions, other functions programmable)	A relay output for: 1. Limit (setpoint not reached) Max. Load: 25V, 1A, 25VA

¹⁾ The nominal flow value is the max. flow value calibrated which can be controlled. The nominal flow range defines the range of nominal flow rates (full scale values) possible.

²⁾ Index N: Flow rates referred to 1.013 bar and 0° C.

Alternatively there is an Index S available which refers to 1.013 bar and 20° C

Measuring Principle



The actual flow rate is detected by a sensor. This operates according to a thermal principle which has the advantage of providing the mass flow which is independent on pressure and temperature.

A small part of the total gas stream is diverted into a small, specifically designed bypassing channel which ensures laminar flow conditions. The sensor element is a chip immersed into the wall of this flow channel. The chip, produced in MEMS technology, contains a heating resistor and two temperature sensors (thermopiles) which are arranged symmetrically upstream and downstream of the heater. The differential voltage of the thermopiles is a measure of the mass flow rate passing the flow sensor. The calibration procedure effectuates a unique assignment of the sensor signal to the total flow rate through the device.

Nominal Flow Range of Typical Gases

(other gases on request)

Gas	Min. Q_{nom} [l _N /min]	Max. Q_{nom} [l _N /min]
Argon	0.01	80
Helium	0.01	500
Carbon dioxide	0.02	40
Air	0.01	80
Methane	0.01	80
Oxygen	0.01	80
Nitrogen	0.01	80
Hydrogen	0.01	500

Notes Regarding the Configuration

For the proper choice of the actuator orifice within the MFC, not only the required maximum flow rate Q_{nom} , but also the pressure values *directly* before and after the MFC (p_1, p_2) at this flow rate Q_{nom} should be known. In general, these pressures are not the same as the overall inlet and outlet pressures of the whole plant, because usually there are additional flow resistors (tubing, additional shut-off valves, nozzles etc.) present both before and after the controller.

Please use the request for quotation form on p. 8 to indicate the pressures *directly* before and after the MFC. If these should be unknown or not accessible to a measurement, estimates are to be made by taking into account the approximate pressure drops over the flow resistors before and after the MFC, respectively, at a flow rate of Q_{nom} . In addition, please quote the maximum inlet pressure p_{1max} to be encountered. This data is needed to make sure the actuator is able to provide a close-tight function within all the specified modes of operation.

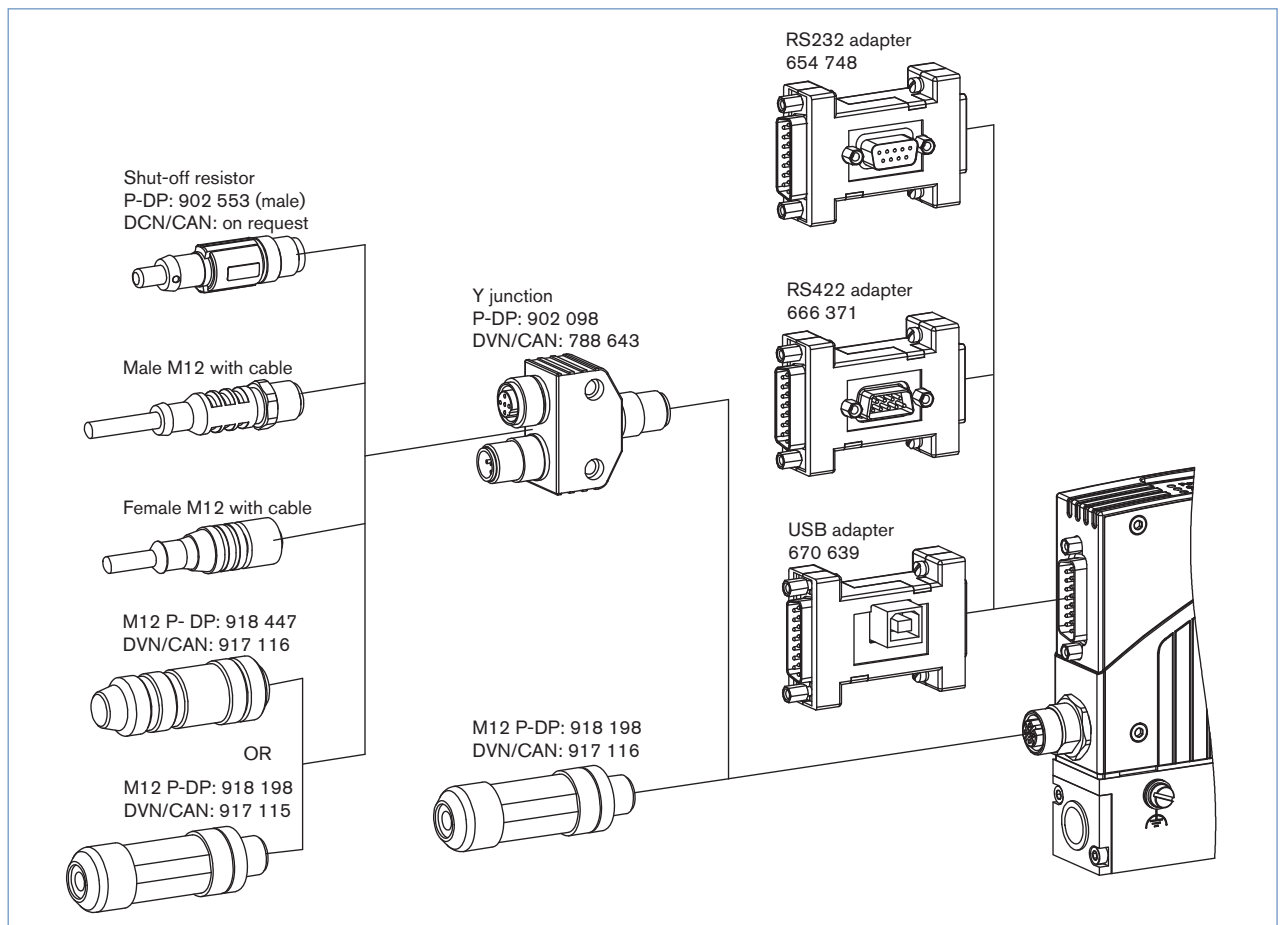
► **The request form on page 8 contains the relevant fluid specification. Using the experience of Bürkert engineers already in the design phase provide us with a copy of the request containing the necessary data together with your inquiry or order.**

Ordering Chart for Accessories

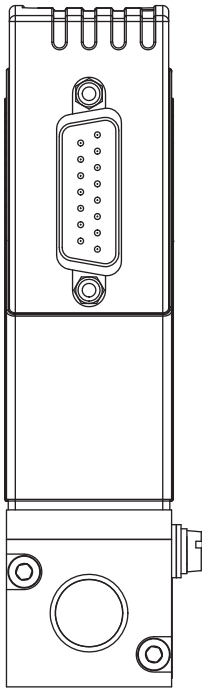
Article	Item No.	
Connections/Cables		
Socket D-Sub 15-pin solder connection	918 274	
Hood for D-Sub socket, with screw locking	918 408	
Socket D-Sub 15-pin with 5m cable	787 737	
Socket D-Sub 15-pin with 10m cable	787 738	
Adapters ³⁾		
RS232 adapter	654 748	
PC extension cable for RS232 9-pin socket/plug 2 m	917 039	
RS422 adapter (RS485 compatible)	666 371	
USB adapter (Version 1.1, USB socket type B)	670 639	
USB connection cable 2 m	772 299	
Communication software MassFlowCommunicator	Download from www.buerkert.com	
Accessories for Fieldbus	PROFIBUS DP (B-coded)	DeviceNet, CANopen (A-coded)
Plug M12 ⁴⁾	918 198	917 115
Socket M12 (coupling) ⁴⁾	918 447	917 116
Y-junction ⁴⁾	902 098	788 643
Shut-off resistor	902 553	(on request)
GSD-File (PROFIBUS), EDS-File (DeviceNet, CANopen)	Download from www.buerkert.com	

³⁾ The adapters serve mainly for initial operation or diagnosis. Those are not obligatory for continuous operation.

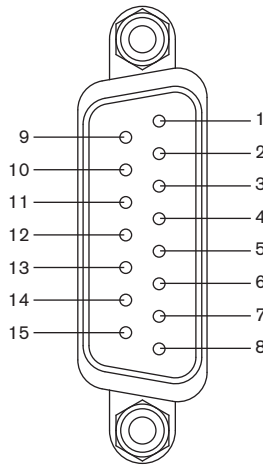
⁴⁾ The two M12 connectors as listed above cannot be used together on the same side of the Y-junction. At least one of the two M12 connection needs to be a prefabricated cable which uses typically a thinner connector.



Pin Assignment



Plug D-Sub, 15-pin



Pin	Assignment	
	Analogue Control	Bus control
1	Relay – normally closed	
2	Relay – normally opened	
3	Relay – middle contact	
4	GND for 24V-Supply and Binary inputs	
5	24V-Supply +	
6	12V-Output (only for internal company use)	
7	Set value input GND	N.C. ⁵⁾
8	Set value input +	N.C.
9	Actual value output GND	N.C.
10	Actual value output +	N.C.
11	DGND (for RS232) ⁶⁾	
12	Binary input 1	
13	Binary input 2	
14	RS232 RxD (without driver) ⁶⁾	
15	RS232 TxD (without driver) ⁶⁾	

⁵⁾ N.C.: not connected (not used)

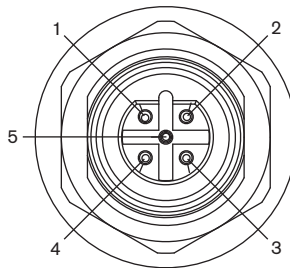
Note:

– Optional Pin 7 and 8 with bus version as transmitter input possible
 – The cable length for RS232/ Setpoint and actual value signal is limited to 30 meters.

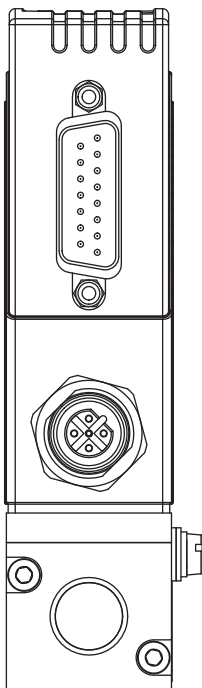
⁶⁾ Driving RS232 interface only by RS232 adapter including an adaption of TTL levels

With Fieldbus Version:

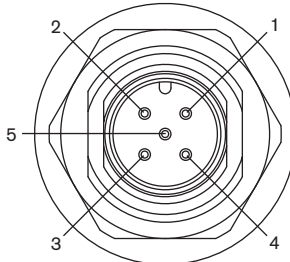
PROFIBUS DP – socket B-coded M12 (DPV1 max. 12 Mbaud)



Pin	Assignment
1	VDD (only for termination resistor)
2	RxD/ TxD – N (A-Line)
3	DGND
4	RxD/ TxD – P (B-Line)
5	C (4)

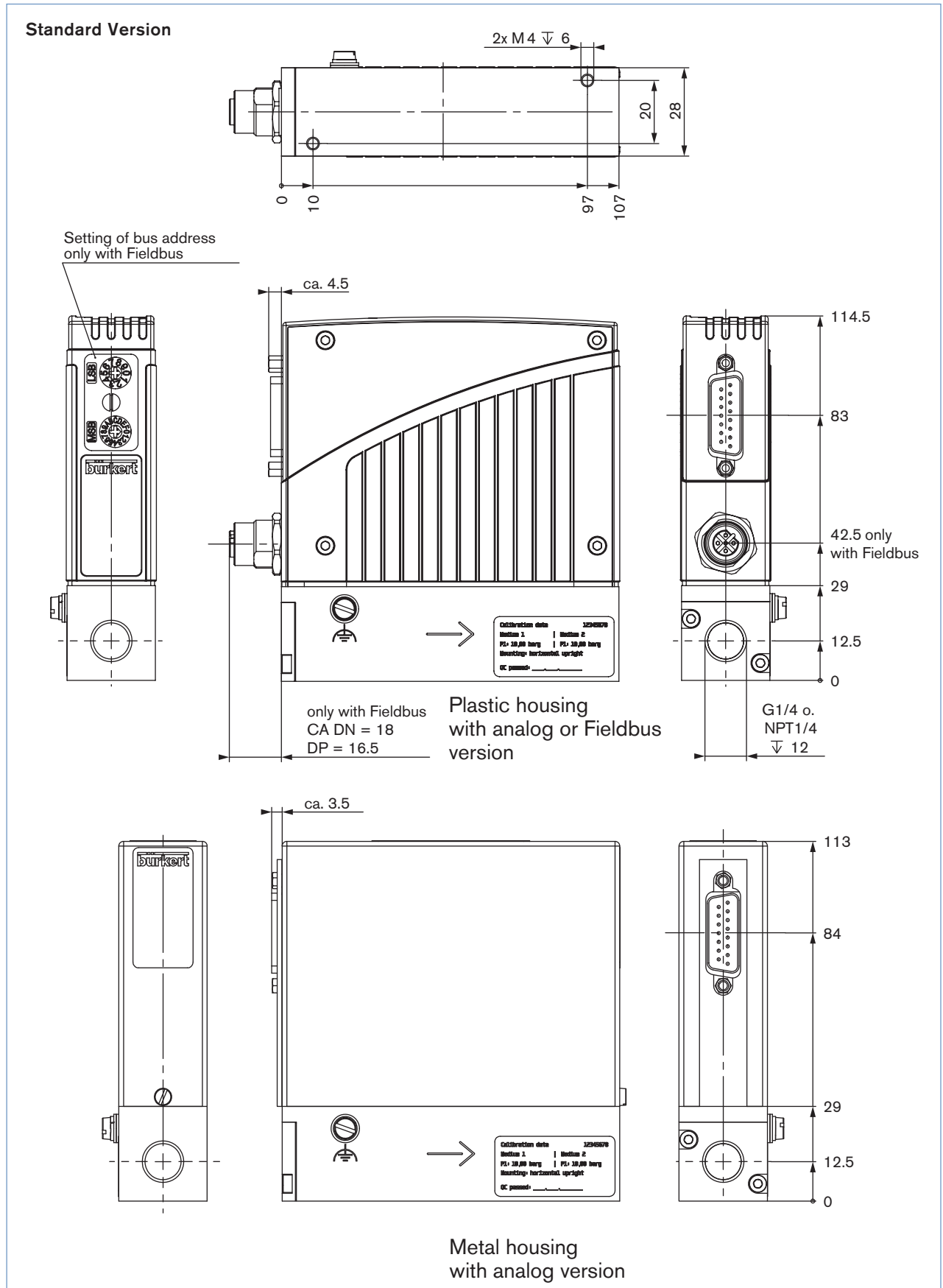


DeviceNet, CANopen – Plug M12

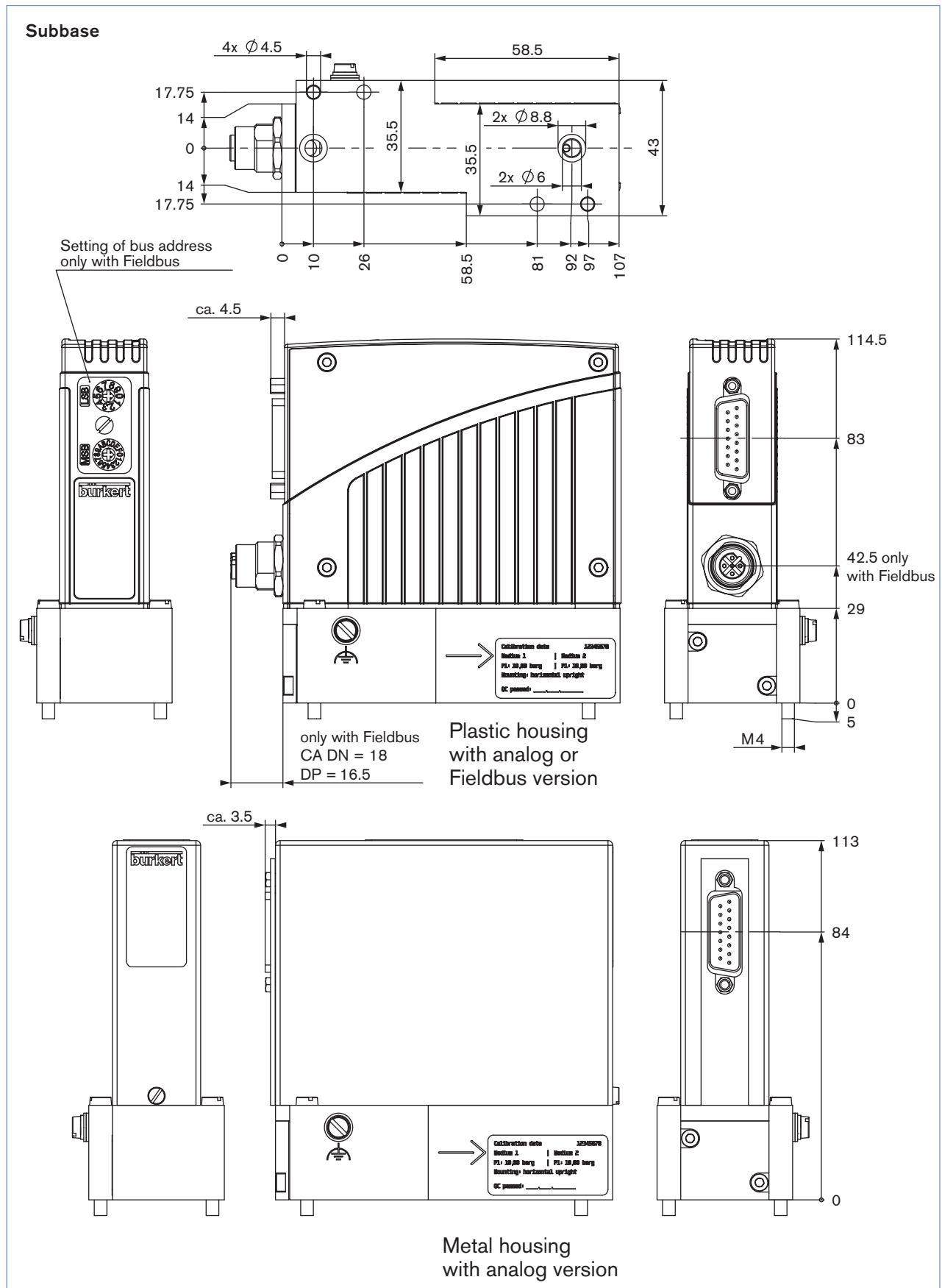


Pin	Assignment
1	Shield
2	N.C. ⁷⁾
3	DGND
4	CAN_H
5	CAN_L

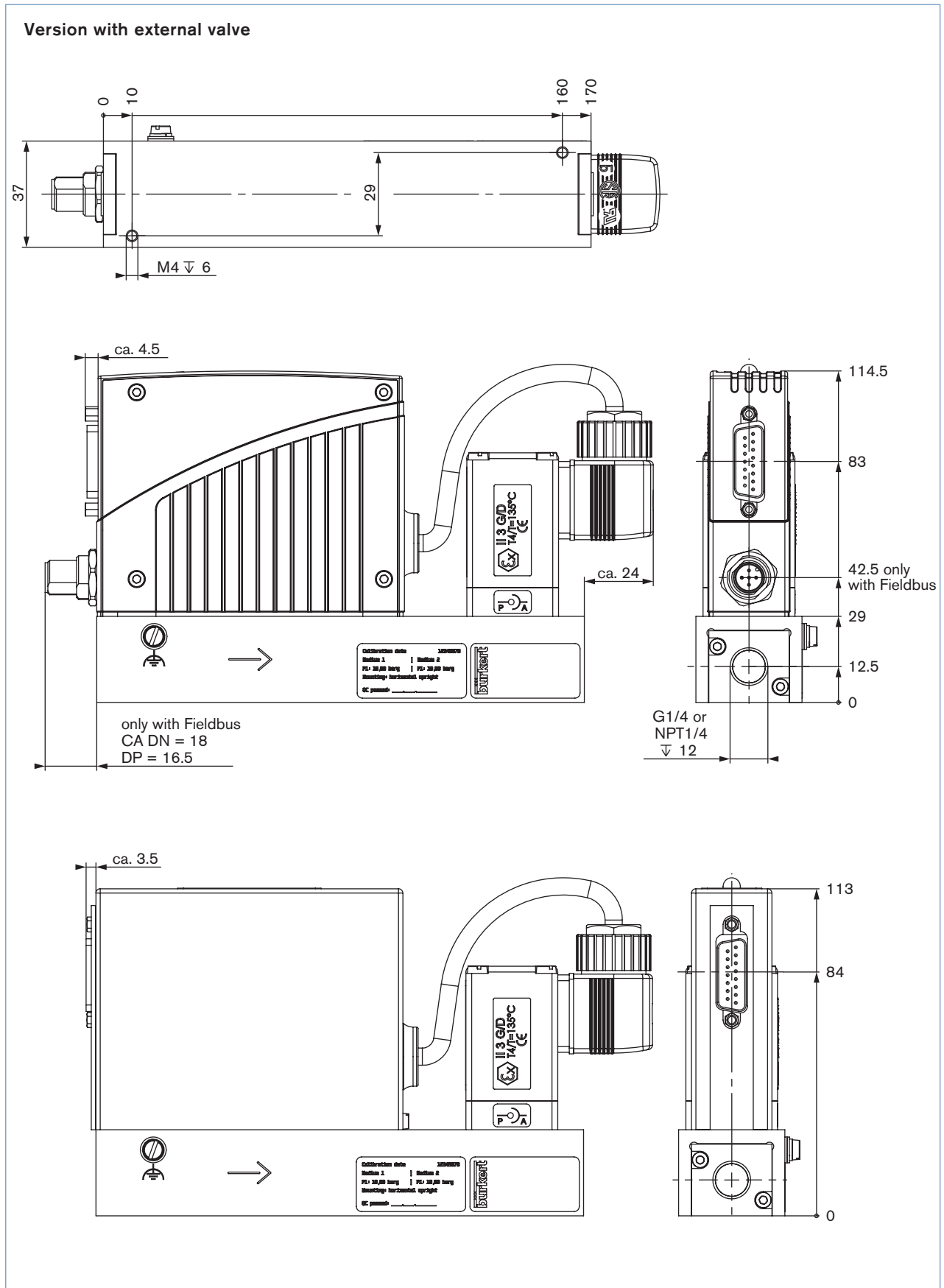
Dimensions [mm]



Dimensions [mm]



Dimensions [mm]



MFC/MFM-applications - Request for quotation

▶ Please complete and send to your nearest Bürkert sales centre

Company	Contact person
Customer No	Department
Address	Tel./Fax
Postcode/Town	E-mail

MFC-Application MFM-Application Quantity Required delivery date

Medium data

Type of gas (or gas proportion in mixtures)

Density kg/m³ ⁸⁾

Gas temperature [°C or °F] °C °F

Moisture content g/m³

Abrasive components/solid particles no yes, as follows:

Fluidic data

Flow range Q_{nom} Min. l_N/min ⁸⁾ l_S/min (slpm) ⁹⁾
 Max. m_N³/h ⁸⁾ kg/h
 cm_N³/min ⁸⁾ cm_S³/min (sccm) ⁹⁾
 l_N/h ⁸⁾ l_S/h ⁹⁾

Inlet pressure at Q_{nom} ¹⁰⁾ $p_1 =$ bar(g) ■

Outlet pressure at Q_{nom} $p_2 =$ bar(g) ■

Max. inlet pressure P_{1max} bar(g) ■

MFC/MFM port connection

without screw-in fitting

1/4" G-thread (DIN ISO 228/1)

1/4" NPT-thread (ANSI B1.2)

with screw-in fitting (acc. to specification for pipeline)

mm Pipeline (external Ø)

inch Pipeline (external Ø)

Flange version

Installation

horizontal

vertical, flow upwards vertical, flow downwards

Ambient temperature °C

Material data

Body base Aluminium Stainless steel

Body Plastic Metal (not with type 8712/8702 and not with fieldbus)

Seal FKM EPDM

Electrical data

Signals for set point and actual value	with standard signal		with fieldbus	
	Setpoint	actual value		
<input type="checkbox"/> 0-5 V	<input type="checkbox"/> 0-5 V	<input type="checkbox"/> PROFIBUS DP	<input type="checkbox"/> M12	
<input type="checkbox"/> 0-10 V	<input type="checkbox"/> 0-10 V	<input type="checkbox"/> DeviceNet	<input type="checkbox"/> D-Sub	
<input type="checkbox"/> 0-20 mA	<input type="checkbox"/> 0-20 mA	<input type="checkbox"/> CANopen	(only for type 8712/8702)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 4-20 mA	<input type="checkbox"/> 4-20 mA			

■ Please quote all pressure values as overpressures with respect to atmospheric pressure bar(ü)

8) at: 1,013 bar(a) and 0°C

9) at: 1.013 bar (a) and 20°C

10) matches with calibration pressure

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In case of special application conditions, please consult for advice.

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1501/8_EU-en_00891904

Mass Flow Controller (MFC) for Gases



Type 8712 can be combined with...



Type 8619

Multichannel
program controller



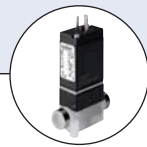
Type 0330

2/2 or 3/2-way
solenoid valve



Type 6013

2/2-way
solenoid valve



Type 6606

2/2 or 3/2-way
solenoid valve

- Direct flow measurement for nominal flow rates from 10 ml_N/min to 80 l_N/min (N₂) in MEMS technology
- High accuracy and repeatability
- Protection class IP65
- Optional field bus

Type 8712 controls the mass flow of gases that is relevant for most applications in process technology. The measured value provided by the sensor (see the description on page 2) will be compared in the digital control electronics with the predefined set point according to the signal; if a control difference is present, the control value output to the proportional valve will be modified using a PI-control algorithm.

Due to the fact that the sensor is directly placed in the bypass channel a very short settling time of the MFC is reached. In this way, the mass flow can be maintained at a fixed value or a predefined profile can be followed, regardless of pressure variations or other changes in the system.

Type 8712 can optionally be calibrated for two different gases, the user is able to switch between these two gases. As the control element, a proportional valve working at low friction guarantees a high sensitivity and a good control characteristics of the unit. The MassFlowCommunicator software can be used for parameterisation and diagnosis.

Typical application areas are gas dosing or rather the production of gas mixtures in:

- Pharmaceutical industry
- Food and beverage
- Environmental technology
- Heat treatment

Technische Daten	
Nominal flow range ¹⁾ (Q_{nom})	0.01 ml _N /min ²⁾ to 80 l _N /min (N ₂)
Turn-down ratio	1:50, wider span on request
Operating gas	Neutral, non-contaminated gases, others available on request
Calibration gas	Operating gas or air with correcting function
Max. operating pressure (inlet pressure)	Up to max. 10 bar (145psi), depending on the orifice of the valve
Gas temperature	-10 to +70°C (-10 to +60°C with oxygen)
Ambient temperature	-10 to +50°C
Accuracy (after 1 min warm up time)	±0.8% o.R. ±0.3% F.S. (o.R.: of reading; F.S.: of full scale)
Repeatability	±0.1% F.S.
Settling time (t_{95%})	<300ms
Materials	
Body	Stainless steel
Housing	PC (Polycarbonate)
Seals	FKM, EPDM (others on request)
Port connection	G 1/4", NPT 1/4" or compression fitting
Control valve	Normally closed
Valve orifice	0.05 to 4 mm
k _v value	0.00006 to 0.32 m ³ /h
Electr. connection	Socket M16, round, 8-pin and socket D-Sub HD15, 15-pin Additionally with fieldbus: With PROFIBUS-DP: Socket M12 5-pin (for IP65) or D-Sub 9-pin With DeviceNet/CANopen: Plug M12 5-pin (for IP65) or D-Sub 9-pin
Operating voltage	24V DC
Voltage tolerance	±10%
Residual ripple	<2%
Power consumption	3.5–14 W (depending on version)

¹⁾ The nominal flow value is the max. flow value calibrated which can be controlled. The nominal flow range defines the range of nominal flow rates (full scale values) possible.

²⁾ Index N: Flow rates referred to 1.013 bar and 0° C.

Alternatively there is an Index S available which refers to 1.013 bar and 20° C.

Technical data

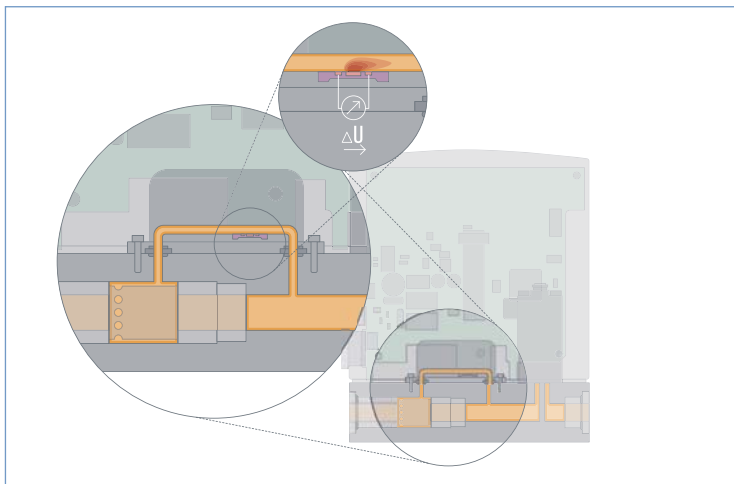
Technical data (cont.)	
Set point (signal setting) Feed impedance	0–5V, 0–10V, 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA >20 k Ω (voltage) <300 Ω (current)
Output signal (signal output) Max. current, volt. output Max. load, current output	0–5 V, 0–10 V, 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA 10 mA 600 Ω
Digital communication via adapter possible:	RS232, Modbus RTU (via RS interface) RS485, RS422 or USB (see accessories table on p. 3)
Fieldbus option	PROFIBUS-DP, DeviceNet, CANopen (D-Sub HD15 covered with sealed plate with fieldbus MFC)
Type of protection (with connected cables)	IP65
Dimensions [mm] (without fitting)	See drawings on p. 6–8
Total weight	1200 g (Valve internally)
Mounting position	Horizontal or vertical
Light emitting diodes (Default, other functions programmable)	Indication for 1. Power, 3. Limit 2. Communication 4. Error
Binary inputs (Default, other functions programmable)	Three 1. Start Autotune 2. Not assigned, Switch between gases when cal. for two gases 3. Not assigned
Binary outputs (Default, other functions programmable)	Two relay outputs 1. Limit (desired value can not be achieved) 2. Error (e.g. sensor fault) Load capacity: max. 60 V, 1 A, 60 VA

Nominal Flow Range of Typical Gases

(other gases on request)

Gas	Min. Q_{nom} [l _N /min]	Max. Q_{nom} [l _N /min]
Argon	0.01	80
Helium	0.01	500
Carbon dioxide	0.02	40
Air	0.01	80
Methane	0.01	80
Oxygen	0.01	80
Nitrogen	0.01	80
Hydrogen	0.01	500

Measuring Principle



The actual flow rate is detected by a sensor. This operates according to a thermal principle which has the advantage of providing the mass flow which is independent on pressure and temperature.

A small part of the total gas stream is diverted into a small, specifically designed bypassing channel which ensures laminar flow conditions. The sensor element is a chip immersed into the wall of this flow channel. The chip, produced in MEMS technology, contains a heating resistor and two temperature sensors (thermopiles) which are arranged symmetrically upstream and downstream of the heater. The differential voltage of the thermopiles is a measure of the mass flow rate passing the flow sensor. The calibration procedure effectuates a unique assignment of the sensor signal to the total flow rate through the device.

Notes Regarding the Configuration

For the proper choice of the actuator orifice within the MFC, not only the required maximum flow rate Q_{nom} , but also the pressure values *directly* before and after the MFC (p_1 , p_2) at this flow rate Q_{nom} should be known. In general, these pressures are not the same as the overall inlet and outlet pressures of the whole plant, because usually there are additional flow resistors (tubing, additional shut-off valves, nozzles etc.) present both before and after the controller.

Please use the request for quotation form on p. 9 to indicate the pressures *directly* before and after the MFC. If these should be unknown

or not accessible to a measurement, estimates are to be made by taking into account the approximate pressure drops over the flow resistors before and after the MFC, respectively, at a flow rate of Q_{nom} . In addition, please quote the maximum inlet pressure p_{1max} to be encountered. This data is needed to make sure the actuator is able to provide a close-tight function within all the specified modes of operation.

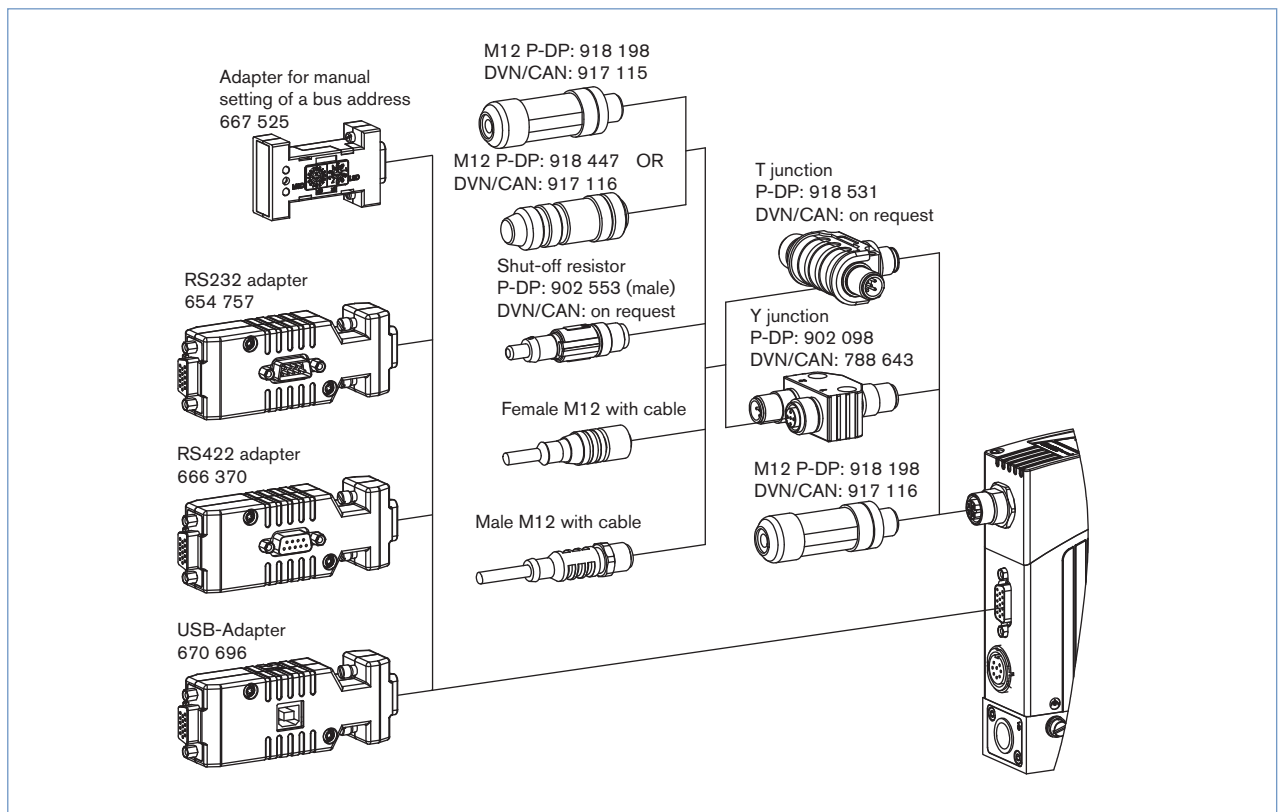
► Please use the form on page 8 for the information about your specific requirements..

Ordering Chart for Accessories

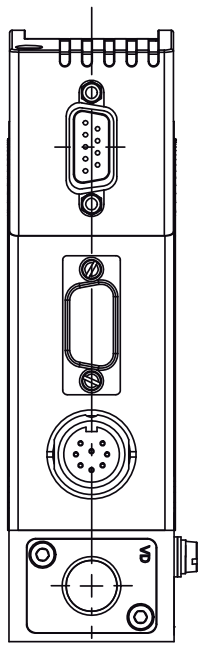
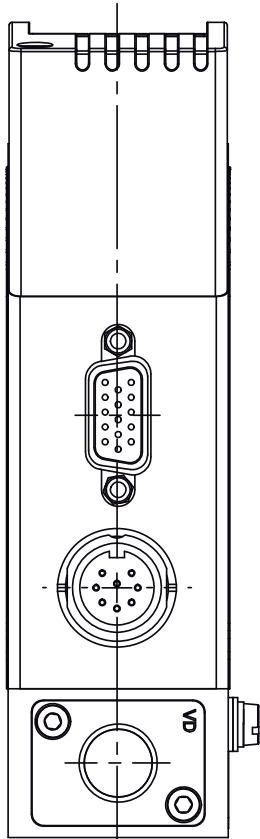
Article	Item No.	
Connectors/Cables		
Round plug M16 8-pin (solder connection)	918 299	
Round plug M16 8-pin with 5m cable	787 733	
Round plug M16 8-pin with 10m cable	787 734	
Plug D-Sub HD15 15-pin with 5m cable	787 735	
Plug D-Sub HD15 15-pin with 10m cable	787 736	
Adapters ³⁾		
RS232 adapter for connection to a computer, connection with an extension cable (item no. 917 039)	654 757	
Extension cable for RS232 9-pin socket/plug 2 m	917 039	
RS422-Adapter (RS485 compatible)	666 370	
USB-Adapter (Version 1.1, USB socket type B)	670 696	
USB connection cable 2 m	772 299	
Adapter for manual setting of bus address	667 525	
Software MassFlowCommunicator	Download unter www.buerkert.com	
Accessories for Fieldbus	PROFIBUS DP (B-codiert)	DeviceNet/ CAN-open (A-codiert)
M12-Plug ⁴⁾	918 198	917 115
M12-socket (coupling) ⁴⁾	918 447	917 116
Y-junction ⁴⁾	902 098	788 643
T-junction	918 531	(auf Anfrage)
Shut-off resistor	902 553	(auf Anfrage)
GSD-Datei (PROFIBUS), EDS-Datei (DeviceNet, CANopen)	Download unter www.buerkert.com	

³⁾ The adapters serve mainly for initial operation or diagnosis. Those are not obligatory for continuous operation.

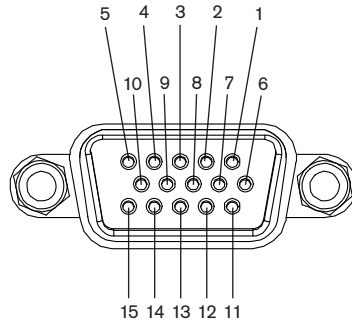
⁴⁾ The two M12 connectors as listed above cannot be used together on the same side of the Y-junction. At least one of the two M12 connection needs to be a prefabricated cable which uses typically a thinner connector.



Pin Assignment



Socket D-Sub HD15



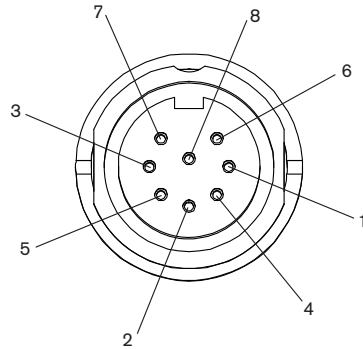
Pin	Assignment	
	Analogue Control	Bus control
1	Set value input +	N.C. ⁵⁾
2	Set value input GND	N.C.
3	Actual value output +	N.C.
4	Binary input 2	
5	12V-Output (only for internal company use)	
6	RS232 TxD (direct connection to computer)	
7	Binary input 1	
8	GND (for binary inputs)	
9	only company internal use (do not connect!)	
10	12V-Output (only for internal company use)	
11	12V-Output (only for internal company use)	
12	Binary input 3	
13	Actual value output GND	N.C.
14	RS232 RxD (direct connection to computer)	
15	DGND (for RS232-interface)	

⁵⁾N.C.: not connected (not used)

Note:

- Optional Pin 1 and 2 with bus version as transmitter input possible
- The cable length for RS232/ Setpoint and flow value signal is limited to 30 meters.

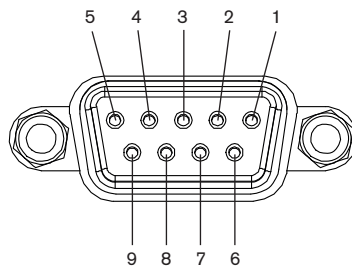
Socket M16, round, 8-pin



Pin	Assignment
1	24V-Supply +
2	Relay 1 – reference contact
3	Relay 2 – reference contact
4	Relay 1 – normally closed contact
5	Relay 1 – normally open contact
6	24V-Supply GND
7	Relay 2 – normally open contact
8	Relay 2 – normally closed contact

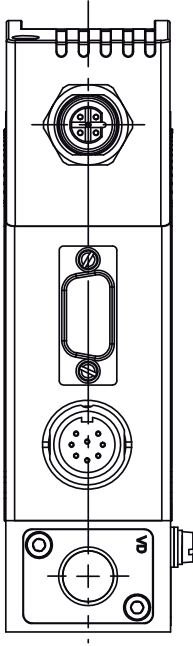
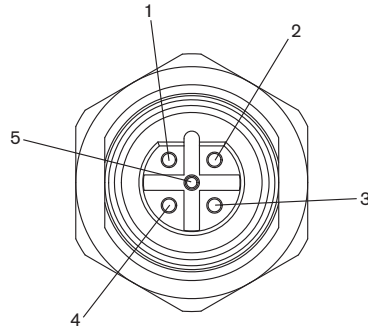
Socket D-Sub 9-pin

(only with fieldbus version)

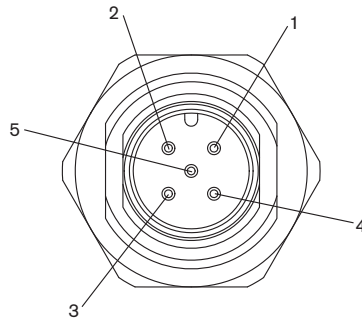


Pin	Assignment	
	PROFIBUS DP	DeviceNet/ CANopen
1	Shield	Shield
2	N.C.	CAN-L data line
3	RxD/TxD - P (B-line)	GND
4	RTS (control signal for repeater)	N.C.
5	GND	N.C.
6	VDD (only for termination resistor)	N.C.
7	N.C.	CAN-H data line
8	RxD/TxD - N (A-line)	N.C.
9	N.C.	N.C.

Pin Assignment (continued)

**PROFIBUS DP – socket B-coded M12 (DPV1 max. 12 Mbaud)**

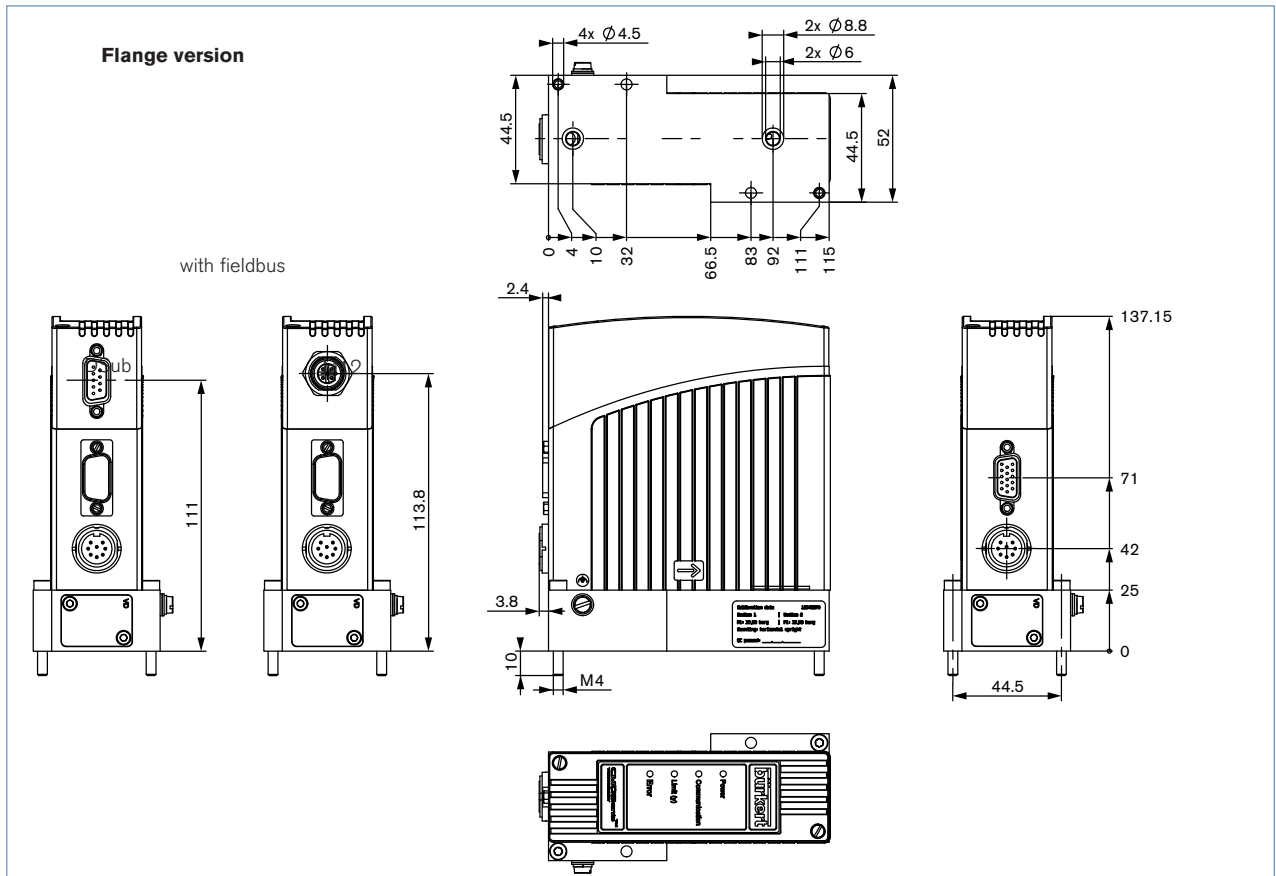
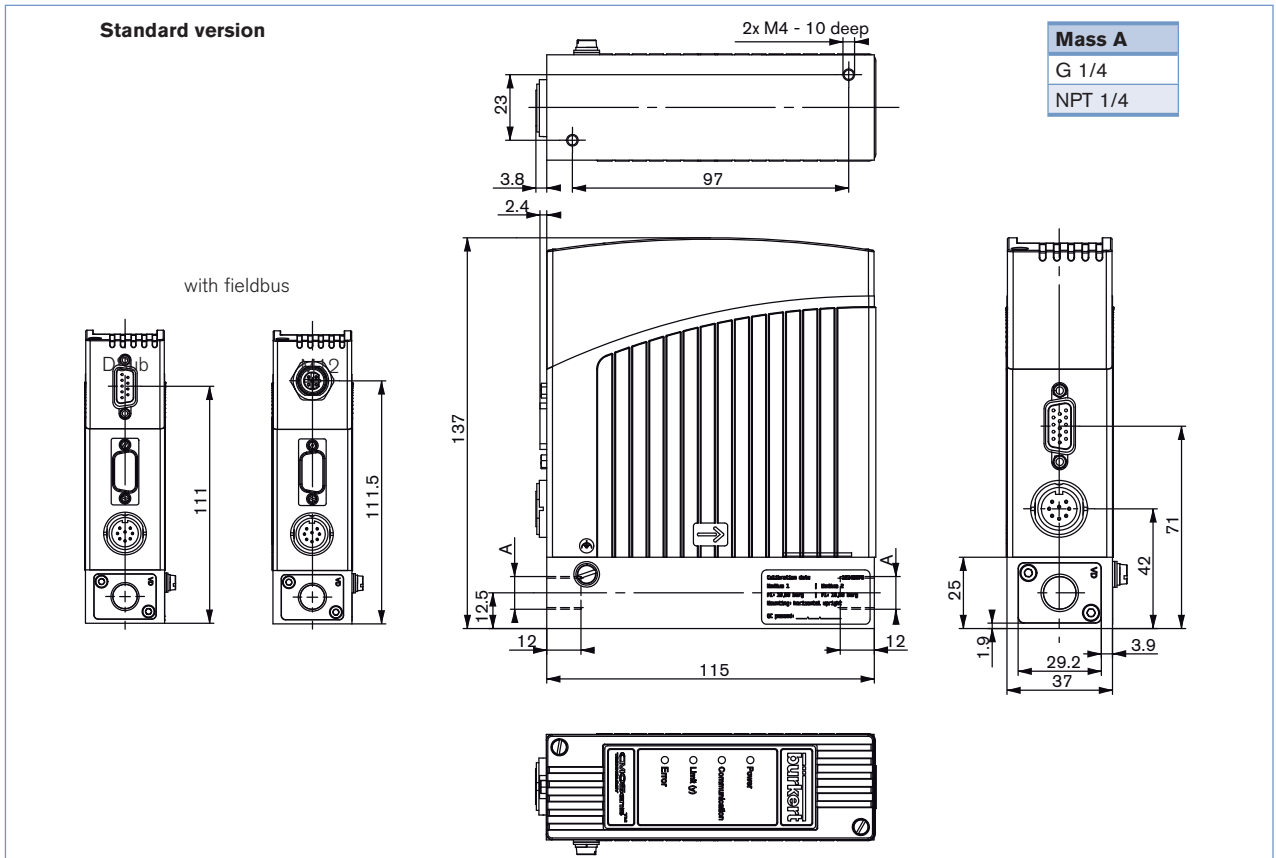
Pin	Assignment
1	VDD (only for termination resistor)
2	RxD/TxD – N (A-line)
3	DGND
4	RxD/TxD – P (B-line)
5	N.C.

DeviceNet/ CANopen – Plug A-coded M12

Pin	Assignment
1	Shield
2	N.C. ⁶⁾
3	DGND
4	CAN_H
5	CAN_L

⁶⁾ Optional configuration with 24V DC possible for power supply via fieldbus connector. With this no power supply connection on round M16 plug needed.

Dimensions [mm]

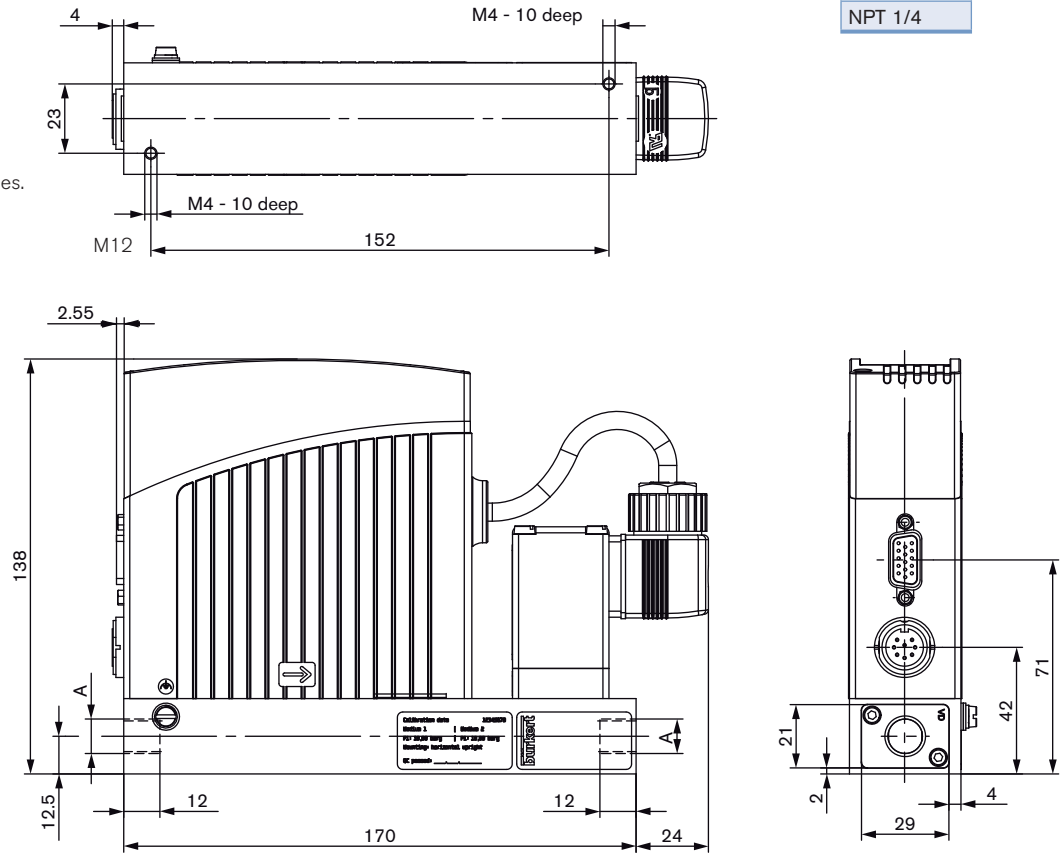


Dimensions [mm] (continued)

Version with external valve

Mass A
G 1/4
NPT 1/4

Variants of fieldbus connectors please see on previous pages.



MFC/MFM-applications - Request for quotation

▶ Please complete and send to your nearest Bürkert sales centre

Company	Contact person
Customer No	Department
Address	Tel./Fax
Postcode/Town	E-mail

MFC-Application MFM-Application Quantity Required delivery date

Medium data

Type of gas (or gas proportion in mixtures)

Density kg/m³ ⁷⁾

Gas temperature [°C or °F] °C °F

Moisture content g/m³

Abrasive components/solid particles no yes, as follows:

Fluidic data

Flow range Q_{nom} Min. l_N/min ⁷⁾ l_S/min (slpm) ⁸⁾
 Max. m_N³/h ⁷⁾ kg/h
 cm_N³/min ⁷⁾ cm_S³/min (sccm) ⁸⁾
 l_N/h ⁷⁾ l_S/h ⁸⁾

Inlet pressure at Q_{nom} ⁹⁾ $p_1 =$ bar(g) ■

Outlet pressure at Q_{nom} $p_2 =$ bar(g) ■

Max. inlet pressure P_{1max} bar(g) ■

MFC/MFM port connection without screw-in fitting
 1/4" G-thread (DIN ISO 228/1)
 1/4" NPT-thread (ANSI B1.2)
 with screw-in fitting (acc. to specification for pipeline)
 mm Pipeline (external Ø)
 inch Pipeline (external Ø)
 Flange version

Installation horizontal
 vertical, flow upwards vertical, flow downwards

Ambient temperature °C

Material data

Body Aluminium Stainless steel

Housing Plastic Metal (not with type 8712/8702 and not with fieldbus)

Seal FKM EPDM

Electrical data

Signals for set point and actual value	with standard signal		with fieldbus	
	Setpoint	actual value		
<input type="checkbox"/> 0-5 V	<input type="checkbox"/> 0-5 V	<input type="checkbox"/> PROFIBUS DP	<input type="checkbox"/> M12	
<input type="checkbox"/> 0-10 V	<input type="checkbox"/> 0-10 V	<input type="checkbox"/> DeviceNet	<input type="checkbox"/> D-Sub	
<input type="checkbox"/> 0-20 mA	<input type="checkbox"/> 0-20 mA	<input type="checkbox"/> CANopen	(only for type 8712/8702)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 4-20 mA	<input type="checkbox"/> 4-20 mA			

■ Please quote all pressure values as overpressures with respect to atmospheric pressure bar(ü)

7) at: 1,013 bar(a) and 0°C

8) at: 1.013 bar (a) and 20°C

9) matches with calibration pressure

To find your nearest Bürkert facility, click on the orange box



In case of special application conditions, please consult for advice.

Subject to alteration.
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